NEWPORT MERCURY.

Printed and published by *L. ROUSMANIERE & WM. BARBER*, opposite the BRICK-MARKET.

[*Price $ 2 per Ann.—$ 1 in Advance.*] SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1809. [VOL. 49.—No. 2483.]

L. ROUSMANIERE,

HAS just received, and for sale, a further supply of the 2d edition of that highly interesting and deservedly popular work entitled,

CŒLEBS
IN SEARCH OF A WIFE,

—comprehending observations on domestic habits and manners, religion and morals, by *Hannah Moore.*—Complete in 1 volume, neatly bound and lettered, price 1 dollar and 50 cents. This edition is handsomely printed on good paper with a new type, and is well adapted for presents to young people and for the use of those to whom cheapness may be an object.

Also just received, and for sale as above,

A few more copies of the

COMPLETE FARRIER.

MEDICAL WORKS.

Charles Bell's Operative Surgery—Benjamin Bell's System of Surgery—Wilson on Febrile Diseases—Currie's Medical Reports—Hamilton on Purgative Medicines—Denman's Midwifery—Chesselden's Anatomy—Cullen's Practice—Haller's Physiology—and many other valuable Medical Works are for sale as above.

Also for sale as above, a more extensive assortment of BOOKS and STATIONARY than usual, and on as liberal terms as at any Store in the United States: BIBLES of every description and price: PRAYER-BOOKS and PSALM-BOOKS a great variety both of sizes and prices.—SCHOOL-BOOKS of every kind used in this Vicinity.—ENGLISH and FRENCH DICTIONARIES, of every size and price.—GREEK and LATIN SCHOOL-BOOKS.—ACCOUNT-BOOKS of almost every species in use, well bound and good paper.—The best quality of all kinds of WRITING and LETTER-PAPER, &c. &c.—all which will be sold as cheap as at any Store in America.

Newport, Nov. 3, 1809.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,

On WEDNESDAY, Nov. 22, 1809, at XI o'clock, A. M. if fair, if not the first fair day after.

SEVERAL House Lots, laying on Barney-street continued. The central and unconfined situation of these Lots, their extensive and beautiful prospect, together with the great rise of the adjacent Land in value, within a few months, render them well worth the attention of the builder or speculator. Conditions which will be liberal, made known at the time and place of Sale.

Newport, Nov. 3, 1809.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,

On the 1st day of January 1810, at XI o'clock A. M. on the premises, in virtue of a decree of the Supreme Judicial Court of the State of Rhode-Island, &c.

ALL the right, title and interest, of *Edward Stanhope*, deceased, (including the Widow's right of dower) in and unto one certain Lot of Land, situated in Newport, on Easton's point, so called, being the 117th Lot of the first division of an allotment of said Point, with the Dwelling-House &c. thereon standing.—Conditions made known at time of Sale.

MARY STANHOPE, *Adm'x.*
THOMAS D. STALL, *Adm'r.*

Newport, Nov. 3, 1809.

New Goods.

Job Shearman,

Has just received and for Sale,

A LARGE Assortment of Fall and Winter GOODS, among which are superfine Broad-cloths; mill'd Cloths for Gentlemen's Coats and Surtouts; Circassian Cloths for Ladies, of the latest colours; one bale of Carpets. He will shortly receive an additional assortment of English Goods, which he is determined to sell very low.

Newport, 3d of 11th mo. 1809.

Cheap New Goods.

Peter P. Remington,

No. 114 Thames-Street.

HAS just received and is now exposing for sale, an extensive assortment of English, India and French GOODS, which he is determined to sell remarkably cheap.

Newport, Nov. 3, 1809.

TO LET,

For the term of Five Years, or a shorter term.

A FARM in South-Kingstown, in that part called Boston neck, formerly owned by JOHN JENCKS, of Providence, deceased, and now owned by the Subscriber consisting of about 350 Acres. The advantages of sea manure belonging to said Farm are too well known to require description. The tenant will be allowed to make payment of the greatest part of the rent in improvements or repairs, such as making wall, cutting and clearing the land of bushes, &c &c. The tenant to give good security for the performance of the conditions in the lease on his part. For further particulars and terms enquire of the Subscriber in Bristol.—Applications to be made before the 25th of December next.

JAMES D'WOLF.

Bristol, Oct. 30, 1809.

For Charleston, (S. C.)

THE Ship WILLIAM & HENRY, HENRY J. HUDSON Master, has excellent accommodations, and will sail about the 10th of November.—For Freight or Passage apply to the Master on board at Gyles's Wharf, or to

C. COOK,
C. GYLES.

Newport, October 27, 1809.

FOR SALE,

THE brig HIRAM, now lying at Gardner's Wharf, burthen 100 Tons, 6 years old. For terms and inventory, apply to EDWARD EASTON, JOHN PRICE, jun, or CHARLES DEVENS.

Newport, Nov. 3, 1809.

FOR SALE,

THE WHARF, (marked *ELAM'S* on the Board put up.) late MALBONE'S—This WHARF, properly repaired, would be as convenient as any in the south part of Newport, and commands as great a depth of water.—For terms apply to the Subscriber.—Payment will be made easy, and time given if required.

SAMUEL ELAM.

Newport, Oct. 19, 1809.

VALUABLE STAND.

For Sale at PUBLIC AUCTION,

On the first MONDAY of DECEMBER next, if not previously disposed of at private sale:

THE Dwelling-House and Lot of the Subscriber, corner of Thames and Pelham-streets, directly opposite Mr. Townsend's Coffee-House. The great advantages of this stand, for any business whatever, are too well known to require a particular recommendation, to claim the attention of any who may wish to purchase.—For erms, (which will be liberal) apply to

D. MELVILLE.

Newport, October 20, 1809.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET,

THAT pleasantly situated HOUSE and Lot, in Thames-street, next north but one of the Brick-Market.—The Lot is 52 feet front, and 535 feet back, with a large yard, and an excellent garden, and a good well of water which is never dry. The House is large and convenient, and in compleat repair, and is a most excellent stand for a public house, having two large and convenient stables, Coach and Chaise Houses, and a shed upwards of 100 feet long. Also for sale, a number of well-broke Chaise and Coach Horses, second-hand Chaises and Gigs, with plated harness: The above property will be sold at a great bargain. For terms, apply to THOMAS D. STALL.

Newport, Oct. 13, 1809.

FOR SALE,

TWO Lots of Land, pleasantly situated at the head of Broad-street, adjoining each other, containing 250 feet front, and 70 feet rear, with a large two-story new building thereon, fronting the head of Broad-street.—The building has been occupied as a Coach-maker's shop, and is well calculated for a Dwelling-House, and with a small expence may be made a beautiful situation.—On one of the Lots is a good well of water.—*Also for Sale,* Three good Chaises, with round and square tops, and one Gig, all with plated harnesses; *Also,* Two excellent Chaise Horses.—The above may be bought very cheap.—For terms, apply to

ISAAC STALL.

Newport, October 20, 1809.

THE SUBSCRIBER

CONTEMPLATING a removal from this Town offers for Sale his Dwelling-House situated on Washington and Chesnut Streets.—For pleasantness of situation, it is exceeded but by few.—Any person disposed to purchase may known the terms by applying to JABEZ C. GARDINER.

Newport October 27 1809.

TO LET,

THE lower part of that pleasantly situated Dwelling-House, No. 5 Farewell-Street.—For further particulars and terms, apply to WALTER CORNELL.

Newport 28th of 10th mo. 1809.

Watches, Watch-Makers' and Jewellers' Tools, Materials, &c.

THOMAS & BENJAMIN DEMILT,

No. 156 Water-Street New-York.

OFFER for Sale on the most reasonable terms, the following articles selected by one of the Firm at the Manufactories, and purchased for cash, viz:—Chronometers; detached, duplex, patent lever, horizontal, double balance wheel, and a great variety of verge Watches, of different prices; caremgoram and cornelian seals, most fashionable patterns; gilt chains, seals and keys; silk watch strings; best prepared oil for watches; a general assortment of clock and watch springs; watch glasses, dials and verges; steel wire assorted round and square; pinion do. do. of 6, 7, 8, 10 and 12; click and brass wire; brass for sulces and barrels; roll'd cast steel for repeating work; watch bolts and springs for English and French watches; gold and metal bands, assorted from size No 3 to 12 some with very small sockets, suitable for French watches; watch pinions of 6, 7, 8, 10 and 12; clock do. forged and brass works; do movements; watch and clock makers, jewellers and silver-smiths files of a superior quality; very superior hand saw, cross cut and mill saw do; blue stone for jewellers, turkey stone slips; 2, 3 and 4 row watch brushes; 2½ and 4 inch time piece dials; Geneva Gray Plates; do pivot poles, and an extensive assortment of clock and watch materials and jewellers tools.

November 10, 1809.

Tappan & Searle,

No. 34, BROAD STREET, BOSTON.

OFFER for Sale at low prices, a very general assortment British Piece GOODS, principally received by recent arrivals at New-York and Boston, and comprising a large amount of Woolen, Cotton, Linen and Silk Goods, with many articles which have been hitherto scarce and prohibited.—In particular, just received from Scotland, a handsome variety plain and fancy Muslins of all descriptions.

Boston, Sept. 30, 1809.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Having formed a connexion in trade, under the Firm of

Howland & Eddy,

OFFER for Sale on reasonable terms, at their Store, No. 71 & 73, Thames-street, a general Assortment of GROCERIES, consisting of Rum, Brandy, Gin, Coffee, Sugars of various kinds, Hyson, Hyson-skin, Souchong and Bohea Teas, a few boxes Bordeaux Cordials; &c. &c.—*Also,* 600 wt. Cheese, of a superior quality, suitable for family use; a few kegs Negro-head Tobacco; Likewise fresh Flour by the barrel.

They transact Commission business. Those who are pleased to favour them in this way, may depend on their utmost exertions in their behalf.

BENJAMIN B. HOWLAND,
JOSEPH W. EDDY.

Newport, Oct. 13, 1809.

Abraham & George Tilley,

HAVE for Sale at their ROPE STORE, No. 90, Thames-street, 3 doors south of Market-square, by wholesale and retail, Cordage from 4 1-2 inch, to 6 thread ratling, bolt-rope, worming, spun yarn, marline, house line, white rope, lead, log and cod lines; bed cords, sewing and seine twine, small fishing lines, &c.—Also for sale, 10 or 12 cwt. of Swede's square and flat bar iron, cheap for cash.—*Also,* An Assortment of Groceries at retail.—Cordage and Cables of any dimension made at short notice, and warranted equal to any in the United States.—From the convenience of having a Rope Store so near the shipping, where may be had at all times, an Assortment of Rigging, as cheap as can be bought in this town, they flatter themselves that they shall meet the encouragement of the public in general.

Newport, August 2, 1809.

The Progressive Company,

At their GRAINARY & GROCERY STORE, No. 11, LONG-WHARF.

HAVE for Sale, wholesale and retail, at the lowest current prices, a constant supply of Rye, and Indian Corn; Rye and Indian Meal; and Flour of the most approved brands.—An extensive assortment of Groceries and Liquors, among which are 10 Hogsheads 3d proof St. Croix and Antigua Rum; 20 pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy; 20 quarter-casks Sherry Wine; 20 boxes Chocolate; 20 boxes Raisins.—Hyson, Souchong and Bohea Teas, by the chest or less quantity.—1600 bushels Exuma Salt, of a superior quality; 1500 ditto Liverpool Do.; 500 ditto Turks-Island Do.; 500 ditto Bonavista Do.—*Also,* A quantity of well-seasoned merchantable Boards.—*Just received,* 5 pipes Gin; 5 hogsheads high proof old Jamaica Spirits; 30 chests Campoy Tea, of an excellent flavor; 1000 wt. Cheese, 200 Meal bags; 8 crates and 2 hogsheads Crockery Ware.—*Wanted,* Corn and Rye, for which Cash will be given.

N. B. Those persons who have Meal Bags belonging to the Company, in possession, will have the goodness to return them.

WILLIAM COGGESHALL, *jun.* AGENT.

Newport, Oct. 13, 1809.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having been duly appointed Administrators on the estate of FRANCIS MALBONE, late of Newport deceased, and having given bond as the law directs for the faithful discharge of the trust committed to them, request all persons who are indebted to the said estate to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands against it to exhibit them to us.

S. MALBONE,
R. MALBONE, } *Adm'rs.*

Newport Sept. 1 1809.

Godfrey Wenwood,

HAS FOR SALE,

On the most reasonable Terms.

A QUANTITY of Ship and Cabin Bread; Alexandria and New-York Flour of the first quality; Molasses by the gallon; coarse and blown Salt by the bushel; Ginger and Pearl-Ash by retail.—Also Mystic Tyle by the dozen, and Philadelphia Bricks by the hundred.

Hops by the pound; Malt by the bushel or smaller quantity; Wheat Bran by the bushel; Coal by the bushel.—*Also,* A quantity of Bricks and Tile, made of Pipe Clay; suitable for Ovens.

Newport, December 31, 1808.

STOVE PIPES,

OF TIN, or sheet IRON, of any length or size, made by the Subscriber at his Shop, one door west of Messrs. *J. Munroe & Co's* Grocery Store.—*Also,* Tin Ware for sale, as cheap as can be purchased in this state. The smallest favour gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. Cash given for old Pewter and Lead.

NATHANIEL NASON.

Newport, Oct. 26, 1809.

FOR SALE,

AN Elegant Mahogany BILLIARD TABLE, almost new, with all its appurtenances.—Enquire at the Office of the Newport Mercury.

Newport, Nov. 3, 1809.

REMARKABLE OCCURRENCE!

The following extract from the celebrated Sermon of Dr. Buchanan, *intitled the "STAR IN THE EAST," will, we think, command much interest in the feelings of our Patrons.*

"TWO Mahometans of Arabia, persons of consideration in their own country, have been lately converted to the Christian faith. One of them has already suffered martyrdom, and the other is now engaged in translating the Scriptures, and in concerting plans for the conversion of his countrymen. The name of the martyr was Abdallah; and the name of the other, who is translating the Scriptures, is Sabat; or, as he is called since his Christian baptism, Nathaniel Sabat.—Sabat resided in my house some time before I left India, and I had from his own month the chief part of the account which I shall now give to you. Some particulars I had from others. His conversion took place after the martyrdom of Abdallah, "to whose death he was consenting;" and he related the circumstance to me with many tears.

Abdallah and Sabat were intimate friends; and being young men of family in Arabia, they agreed to travel together, and to visit foreign countries. They were both zealous Mahometans. Sabat is son of Ibrahim Sabat, a noble family of the line of Beni-Sabat, who trace their pedigree to Mahomet. The two friends left Arabia; after paying their adorations at the tomb of their prophet at Mecca, and travelled through Persia, and thence to Cabul. Abdallah was appointed to an office of State under Zemaun Shah, King of Cabul; and Sabat left him there, and proceeded on a tour through Tartary.

While Abdallah remained at Cabul, he was converted to the Christian faith by the perusal of a Bible (as is supposed belonging to a Christian from Armenia, then residing at Cabul.) In the Mahometan states, it is death for a man of rank to become a Christian. Abdallah endeavoured for a time to conceal his conversion, but finding it no longer possible, he determined to flee to some of the Christian churches near the Caspian sea.

He accordingly left Cabul in disguise, and had gained the great city of Bochara, in Tartary, when he was met in the streets of that city by his friend Sabat, who immediately recogized him. Sabat had heard of his conversion and flight, and was filled with indignation at his conduct. Abdallah knew his danger, and threw himself at the feet of Sabat. He confessed that he was a Christian, and implored him by the sacred tie of their former friendship, to let him escape with his life. "But, Sir," said Sabat when relating the story himself, "I *had no pity.* I caused "my servants to seize him, and I delivered "him up to Morad Shah, King of Bochara. "He was sentenced to die, and a herald went "through the city of Bochara, announcing "the time of his execution. An immense "multitude attended, and the chief men of "the city. I also went and stood near to "Abdallah. He was offered his life if he "would abjure Christ, the executioner stand-"ing by him with his sword in his hand.—"No," said he (as if the proposition were impossible to be complied with) "I cannot "abjure Christ." Then one of his hands was cut off at the wrist. He stood firm, his arm hanging by his side with but little motion. A physician by desire of the king offered to heal the wound, if he would recant. He made no answer, but looked up steadfastly towards Heaven, like Stephen the first martyr, his eyes streaming with tears. He did not look with anger towards *me.* He looked at me but it was benignly, and with the countenance of forgiveness. His other hand was then cut off." "But, Sir," said Sabat, in his imperfect English, "he never *changed,* he "never *changed.* And when he bowed his "head to receive the blow of death, all Bo-"chara seemed to say, "What new thing "is this?"

Sabat had indulged the hope that Abdallah would have recanted when he was offered his life; but when he saw that his friend was dead, he resigned himself to grief and remorse.—He travelled from place to place, seeking rest, and finding none. At last he thought that he would visit India. He accordingly came to Madras about five years ago. Soon after his arrival, he was appointed by the English government a Mufti, or expounder of Mahometan law; his great learning, and respectable station in his own country, rendering him eminently qualified for that office. And now the period of his own conversion drew near. While he was at Visagapatam, in the Northern Circars, exercising his professional duties, Providence brought in his way a new Testament in Arabic. He read it with deep thought, the Koran lying before him. He compared them together, and at length the truth of the word of God fell on his mind, as he expressed it, like a flood of light.—Soon afterwards he proceeded to Madras, a journey of 300 miles, to seek Christian baptism; and having made a public confession of his faith, he was baptized by the Rev. Dr. Kerr, in the English church at that place, by the name of Nathaniel, in the twenty-seventh year of his age.

Being now desirous to devote his future life

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On WEDNESDAY, *Nov.* 22, 1809, *at XI o'clock, A. M. if fair, if not the firſt fair day after.*

SEVERAL Houſe Lots, laying on Barney-ſtreet continued. The central and unconfined ſituation of theſe Lots, their extenſive and beautiful proſpect, togteher with the great riſe of the adjacent Land in value, within a few months, render them well worth the attention of the builder or ſpeculator. Conditions which will be liberal, made known at the time and place of Sale.

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ALL the right, title and intereſt, of *Edward Stanhope*, deceaſed, (including the Widow's right of dower) in and unto one certain Lot of Land, ſituated in Newport, on Eaſton's point, ſo called, being the 117th Lot of the firſt diviſion of an allotment of ſaid Point, with the Dwelling-Houſe &c. thereon ſtanding.—Conditions made known at time of Sale.

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For the term of Five Years, or a ſhorter term.

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JAMES D'WOLF.

Briſtol, Oct. 30, 1809.

For Charleſton, (S. C.)

THE Ship WILLIAM & HENRY, HENRY J. HUDSON Maſter, has excellent accommodations, and will ſail about the 10th of November.—For Freight or Paſſage apply to the Maſter on board at Gyles's Wharf, or to

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Newport, Oct. 19, 1809.

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D. MELVILLE.

Newport, October 20, 1809.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET,

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Newport, Oct. 13, 1809.

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TWO Lots of Land, pleaſantly ſituated at the head of Broad-ſtreet, adjoining each other, containing 250 feet front, and 70 feet rear, with a large two-ſtory new building thereon, fronting the head of Broad-ſtreet.—The building has been occupied as a Coach-maker's ſhop, and is well calculated for a Dwelling-Houſe, and with a ſmall expence may be made a beautiful ſituation.—On one of the Lots is a good well of water.—*Alſo for Sale,* Three good Chaiſes, with round and ſquare tops, and one Gig, all with plated harneſſes; *Alſo,* Two excellent Chaiſe Horſes.—The above may be bought very cheap.—For terms, apply to

ISAAC STALL.

Newport, October 20, 1809.

THE SUBSCRIBER

CONTEMPLATING a removal from this Town offers for Sale his Dwelling-Houſe ſituated on Waſhington and Cheſnut Streets.—For pleaſantneſs of ſituation, it is exceeded but by few.—Any perſon diſpoſed to purchaſe may known the terms by applying to JABEZ C. GARDINER.

Newport October 27 1809.

TO LET,

THE lower part of that pleaſantly ſituated Dwelling-Houſe, No. 5 Farewell-Street.—For further particulars and terms, apply to WALTER CORNELL.

Newport 28*th of* 10*th mo.* 1809.

Watches, Watch-Makers' and Jewellers' Tools, Materials, &c.

THOMAS & BENJAMIN DEMILT,

No. 156 *Water-Street New-York.*

OFFER for Sale on the moſt reaſonable terms, the following articles ſelected by one of the Firm at the Manufactories, and purchaſed for caſh, viz:—Chronometers; detached, duplex, patent lever, horizontal, double balance wheel, and a great variety of verge Watches, of different prices; caremgoram and cornelian ſeals, moſt faſhionable patterns; gilt chains, ſeals and keys; ſilk watch ſtrings; beſt prepared oil for watches; a general aſſortment of clock and watch ſprings; watch glaſſes, dials and verges; ſteel wire aſſorted round and ſquare; pinion do. do. of 6, 7, 8, 10 and 12; click and braſs wire; braſs for ſuſees and barrels; roll'd caſt ſteel for repeating work; watch bolts and ſprings for Engliſh and French watches; gold and metal hands, aſſorted from ſize No. 3 to 12 ſome with very ſmall ſockets, ſuitable for French watches; watch pinions of 6, 7, 8, 10 and 12; clock do. forged and braſs works; do. movements; watch and clock makers, jewellers and ſilver-ſmiths files of a ſuperior quality; very ſuperior hand ſaw, croſs cut and mill ſaw do; blue ſtone for jewellers, turkey ſtone ſlips; 2, 3 and 4 row watch bruſhes; 2½ and 4 inch time piece dials; Geneva draw plates; do. pivot piles, and an extenſive aſſortment of clock and watch makers and jewellers tools.

New-York, October 16, 1809.

Tappan & Searle,

No. 34, *BROAD-STREET, BOSTON.*

OFFER for Sale at low prices, a very general aſſortment Britiſh Piece GOODS, principally received by recent arrivals at New-York and Boſton, and compriſing a large amount of Woolen, Cotton, Linen and Silk Goods, with many articles which have been hitherto ſcarce and prohibited.—In particular, juſt received from Scotland, a handſome variety plain and fancy Muſlins of all deſcriptions.

Boston, Sept. 30, 1809.

THE SUBSCRIBERS
Having formed a connexion in trade, under the Firm of
Howland & Eddy,

OFFER for Sale on reaſonable terms, at their Store, No. 71 & 73, Thames-ſtreet, a general Aſſortment of GROCERIES, conſiſting of Rum, Brandy, Gin, Coffee, Sugars of various kinds, Hyſon, Hyſon-ſkin, Souchong and Bohea Teas, a few boxes Bordeaux Cordials; &c. &c.—*Alſo,* 600 wt. Cheeſe, of a ſuperior quality, ſuitable for family uſe; a few kegs Negro-head Tobacco; Likewiſe freſh Flour by the barrel.

They tranſact Commiſſion buſineſs. Thoſe who are pleaſed to favour them in this way, may depend on their utmoſt exertions in their behalf.

BENJAMIN B. HOWLAND,
JOSEPH W. EDDY.

Newport, Oct. 13, 1809.

Abraham & George Tilley,

HAVE for Sale at their ROPE STORE, No. 90, Thames-ſtreet, 3 doors ſouth of Market-ſquare, by wholeſale and retail, Cordage from 4 1-2 inch, to 6 thread ratling, bolt-rope, worming, ſpun yarn, marline, houſe line, white rope, lead, log and cod lines, bed cords, ſewing and ſeine twine, ſmall fiſhing lines, &c.—Alſo for ſale, 10 or 12 cwt. of Swede's ſquare and flat bar iron, cheap for caſh.—*Alſo,* An Aſſortment of Groceries at retail.—Cordage and Cables of any dimenſion made at ſhort notice, and warranted equal to any in the United States.—From the convenience of having a Rope Store ſo near the ſhipping, where may be had at all times, an Aſſortment of Rigging, as cheap as can be bought in this town, they flatter themſelves that they ſhall meet the encouragement of the public in general.

Newport, Auguet 2, 1809.

The Progreſſive Company,

At their GRAINARY & GROCERY STORE, *No.* 11, *LONG-WHARF.*

HAVE for Sale, wholeſale and retail, at the loweſt current prices, a conſtant ſupply of Rye, and Indian Corn; Rye and Indian Meal; and Flour of the moſt approved brands.—An extenſive aſſortment of Groceries and Liquors, among which are 10 Hogſheads 3d proof St. Croix and Antigua Rum; 20 pipes 4th proof Spaniſh Brandy; 20 quarter-caſks Sherry Wine; 20 boxes Chocolate; 20 boxes Raiſins.—Hyſon, Souchong and Bohea Teas, by the cheſt or leſs quantity.—1600 buſhels Exuma Salt, of a ſuperior quality; 1500 ditto Liverpool Do.; 500 ditto Turks-Island Do.; 500 ditto Bonaviſta Do.—*Alſo,* A quantity of well-ſeaſoned merchantable Boards.—*Juſt received,* 5 pipes Gin; 5 hogſheads high proof old Jamaica Spirits; 30 cheſts Campoy Tea, of an exeellent flavor; 1000 wt. Cheeſe, 200 Meal bags; 8 crates and 2 hogſheads Crockery Ware.—*Wanted,* Corn and Rye, for which Caſh will be given.

N. B. Thoſe perſons who have Meal Bags belonging to the Company, in poſſeſſion, will have the goodneſs to return them.

WILLIAM COGGESHALL, *jun.* AGENT.

Newport, Oct. 13, 1809.

NOTICE.

THE Subſcribers having been duly appointed Adminiſtrators on the eſtate of FRANCIS MALBONE, late of Newport deceaſed, and having given bond as the law directs for the faithful diſcharge of the truſt committed to them, requeſt all perſons who are indebted to the ſaid eſtate to make immediate payment, and thoſe who have any demands againſt it to exhibit them to us.

S. MALBONE,
R. MALBONE, } *Adm'rs.*

Newport Sept. 1 1809.

Godfrey Wenwood,

HAS FOR SALE,
On the moſt reaſonable Terms.

A QUANTITY of Ship and Cabin Bread; Alexandria and New-York Flour of the firſt quality; Molaſſes by the gallon; coarſe and blown Salt by the buſhel; Ginger and Pearl-Aſh by retail.—Alſo Myſtic Tyle by the dozen, and Philadelphia Bricks by the hundred.

Hops by the pound; Malt by the buſhel or ſmaller quantity; Wheat Bran by the buſhel; Coal by the buſhel.—*Alſo,* A quantity of Bricks and File, made of Pipe Clay; ſuitable for Ovens.

Newport, December 31, 1808.

STOVE PIPES,

OF TIN, or ſheet IRON, of any length or ſize, made by the Subſcriber, at his Shop, one door weſt of Meſſrs. *J. Munroe & Co's* Grocery Store.—*Alſo,* Tin Ware for ſale, as cheap as can be purchaſed in this ſtate. The ſmalleſt favour gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. Caſh given for old Pewter and Lead.

NATHANIEL NASON.

Newport, Oct. 26, 1809.

FOR SALE,

AN Elegant Mahogany BILLIARD TABLE, almoſt new, with all its apparatus.—Enquire at the Office of the Newport Mercury.

Newport, Nov. 3, 1809.

REMARKABLE OCCURRENCE!

The following extract from the celebrated Sermon of Dr. Buchanan, *intitled the "STAR IN THE EAST," will, we think, command much intereſt in the feelings of our Patrons.*

"TWO Mahometans of Arabia, perſons of conſideration in their own country, have been lately converted to the Chriſtian faith. One of them has already ſuffered martyrdom, and the other is now engaged in tranſlating the Scriptures, and in concerting plans for the converſion of his countrymen. The name of the martyr was Abdallah; and the name of the other, who is tranſlating the Scriptures, is Sabat; or, as he is called ſince his Chriſtian baptiſm, Nathaniel Sabat.—Sabat reſided in my houſe ſome time before I left India, and I had from his own month the chief part of the account which I ſhall now give to you. Some particulars I had from others. His converſion took place after the martyrdom of Abdallah, "to whoſe death he was conſenting;" and he related the circumſtance to me with many tears.

Abdallah and Sabat were intimate friends; and being young men of family in Arabia, they agreed to travel together, and to viſit foreign countries. They were both zealous Mahometans. Sabat is ſon of Ibrahim Sabat, a noble family of the line of Beni-Sabat, who trace their pedigree to Mahomet. The two friends left Arabia, after paying their adorations at the tomb of their prophet at Mecca, and travelled through Perſia, and thence to Cabul. Abdallah was appointed to an office of State under Zemaun Shah, King of Cabul; and Sabat left him there, and proceeded on a tour through Tartary.

While Abdallah remained at Cabul, he was converted to the Chriſtian faith by the peruſal of a Bible (as is ſuppoſed belonging to a Chriſtian from Armenia, then reſiding at Cabul.) In the Mahometan ſtates, it is death for a man of rank to become a Chriſtian. Abdallah endeavoured for a time to conceal his converſion, but finding it no longer poſſible, he determined to flee to ſome of the Chriſtian churches near the Caſpian ſea.

He accordingly left Cabul in diſguiſe, and had gained the great city of Bochara, in Tartary, when he was met in the ſtreets of that city by his friend Sabat, who immediately recogized him. Sabat had heard of his converſion and flight, and was filled with indignation at his conduct. Abdallah knew his danger, and threw himſelf at the feet of Sabat. He confeſſed that he was a Chriſtian, and implored him by the ſacred tie of their former friendſhip, to let him eſcape with his life. "But, Sir," ſaid Sabat, when relating the ſtory himſelf, "I *had no pity.* I cauſed "my ſervants to ſeize him, and I delivered "him up to Morad Shah, King of Bochara. "He was ſentenced to die, and a herald went "through the city of Bochara, announcing "the time of his execution. An immenſe "multitude attended, and the chief men of "the city. I alſo went and ſtood near to "Abdallah. He was offered his life if he "would abjure Chriſt, the executioner ſtanding by him with his ſword in his hand.—"No," ſaid he (as if the propoſition were impoſſible to be complied with) "I cannot "abjure Chriſt." Then one of his hands was cut off at the wriſt. He ſtood firm, his arm hanging by his ſide with but little motion. A phyſician by deſire of the king offered to heal the wound, if he would recant. He made no anſwer, but looked up ſtedfaſtly towards Heaven, like Stephen the firſt martyr, his eyes ſtreaming with tears. He did not look with anger towards *me.* He looked at me, but it was benignly, and with the countenance of forgiveneſs. His other hand was then cut off." "But, Sir," ſaid Sabat, in his imperfect Engliſh, "he never *changed,* he "never *changed.* And when he bowed his "head to receive the blow of death, all Bochara ſeemed to ſay, "What new thing "is this?"

Sabat had indulged the hope that Abdallah would have recanted when he was offered his life; but when he ſaw that his friend was dead, he reſigned himſelf to grief and remorſe.—He travelled from place to place, ſeeking reſt, and finding none. At laſt he thought that he would viſit India. He accordingly came to Madras about five years ago. Soon after his arrival, he was appointed by the Engliſh government a Mufti, or expounder of Mahometan law; his great learning, and reſpectable ſtation in his own country, rendering him eminently qualified for that office. And now the period of his own converſion drew near. While he was at Viſagapatam, in the Northern Circars, exerciſing his profeſſional duties, Providence brought in his way a new Teſtament in Arabic. He read it with deep thought, the Koran lying before him. He compared them together, and at length the truth of the word of God fell on his mind, as he expreſſed it, like a flood of light.—Soon afterwards he proceeded to Madras, a journey of 300 miles, to ſeek Chriſtian baptiſm; and having made a public confeſſion of his faith, he was baptized by the Rev. Dr. Kerr, in the Engliſh church at that place, by the name of Nathaniel in the twenty-ſeventh year of his age.

Being now deſirous to devote his future life

to the glory of God, he reſigned his ſecular employ and came by invitation to *Bengal*, where he is now engaged in tranſlating the Scriptures into the Perſian language. This work hath not hitherto been executed for want of a tranſlator of ſufficient ſkill.—The Perſian language is an important language in the Eaſt, being the general language of Weſtern Aſia, particularly among the higher claſſes, and is underſtood from Calcutta to Damaſcus. But the great work which occupies the attention of this noble Arabian, is the promulgation of the Goſpel among his own countrymen; and from the preſent fluctuations of religious opinion in Arabia, he is ſanguine in his hopes of ſucceſs. His firſt work is entitled (Neama B-ſharatin lil Arabi) "*Happy News for Arabia;*" written in the Nabuttee, or common dialect of the country. It contains an eloquent and argumentative elucidation of the truth of the Goſpel, with copious authorities admitted by the Mahometans themſelves, and particularly by the Wahabians. And prefixed to it, is an account of the converſion of the author, and an appeal to the members of his well known family in Arabia, for the truth of the facts.

The following circumſtance in the hiſtory of Sabat ought not to have been omitted. When his family in Arabia had heard that he had followed the example of Abdallah, and become a Chriſtian, they diſpatched his brother to India (a voyage of two months) to aſſaſſinate him. While Sabat was ſitting in his houſe at Viſagapatam his brother preſented himſelf in the diſguiſe of a Faqueer, or beggar, having a dagger concealed under his mantle. He ruſhed on Sabat, and wounded him. But Sabat ſeized his arm, and his ſervants came to his aſſiſtance. He then recognized his brother. The aſſaſſin would have become the victim of public juſtice but Sabat interceded for his brother, and ſent him home in peace, with letters and preſents to his mother's houſe in Arabia.

And theſe, my brethren, are the inſtances I wiſhed to lay before you, of the divine power of the Chriſtian religion recently exemplified in the Eaſt. The converſions of Abdallah and Sabat ſeem to have been as evidently produced by the Spirit of God, as any converſion in the primitive church.—Other inſtances have occurred in Arabia of a ſimilar kind, and on the very borders of Paleſtine itſelf. Theſe are like the ſolitary notices which, in other nations, have announced the approach of general illumination. John Huſs, and Jerom of Prague, were not, perhaps, more talked of in Europe, than Abdallah and Sabat are at this day in Bocharia and Arabia.

VERY LATE NEWS,
FROM FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

By the arrival at New-York, of the ſhip Commodore Rogers, 22 days from Liverpool, bringing London papers to the 6th October, and the U. S. ſhip Waſp, 33 days from L'Orient.

French and Auſtrian Affairs.

BAVARIA.

MUNICH GAZETTE, SEPT. 14, 1809.

AUSTRIAN GENERAL ORDERS.

"MY beloved ſubjects, and even my enemies know that I did not engage in the preſent war from motives of ambition, nor a deſire of conqueſt. Self-preſervation and independence, a peace conſiſtent with the honor of my crown, and with the ſafety and tranquility of my people, conſtituted the exalted and ſole aim of my exertions.

"The chance of war diſappointed my expectations, the enemy penetrated into the interior of my dominions, and over-run it with all the horrors of war: but he learned at the ſame time, to appreciate the public ſpirit of my people, and the valour of my armies.—This experience, which he dearly bought, and my conſtant ſolicitude to promote the proſperity of my dominions, led to a negotiation for peace.

"My Miniſters empowered for that purpoſe, have met thoſe of the French Emperor. My wiſh is an honorable peace—a peace, the ſtipulations of which offer a proſpect and poſſibility of duration. The valour of my armies, their unſhaken courage, their ardent love of their country, their deſire ſtrongly pronounced, not to lay down their arms, till an honourable peace ſhall have been obtained, could not allow me to agree to conditions which threatened to ſhake the very foundations of the monarchy and diſgrace us.

"The high ſpirit which animates my troops, affords me the beſt ſecurity, that, ſhould the enemy yet miſtake our ſentiments and diſpoſitions, we ſhall certainly obtain the reward of perſeverance.

(*Signed*) "FRANCIS."

"*H. Q. Comorn, Sept.* 16, 1809."

AUSTRIA, (FRENCH)

VIENNA, SEPT. 19, 1809.

The Emperor Napoleon returned this day to Schoenbrun from Brunn, after an abſence of four days. He reviewed Marſhal Davouſt's troops on his journey. The Emperor of Auſtria's aid-de-camp (Count Buhna) left Schoenbrun, the 15th for Buda; and carried a letter from the Em. Napoleon to his Auſtrian Majeſty. Marſhal Duroc preſented Count Buhna with a precious gem; and from the obſervations he made on receiving it, it is inferred that the negotiations are drawing to a favourable cloſe.

STRASBURG, SEPT. 22. The Armiſtice which expired the 20th, has been prolonged for one month, with the additional ſtipulation that hoſtilities ſhall not re commence until after ſix weeks notice.

THE FRENCH CORPS

Have undergone little change. The late army of Italy occupies Carinthia, Carniola Styria, and part of Hungary. H. Q. at Raab—Marſhal Macdonald's H. Q. are at Greatz—Oudinot's on the Morava, between Moravia and Hungary—Lefebvre's in Upper Auſtria, Saltzburg and the Tyrol frontier—Maſſena in Weſt Moravia; and Davouſt in Eaſt-Moravia. The Bavarians near Lintz.

VIENNA, SEPT. 9. One thing travellers from Hungary and Moravia are agreed in; and that is that the Auſtrian army is not in a condition to re-commence hoſtilities.

NURNBERG, SEPT. 16. All the Auſtrian magazines in South Bohemia, are removed to Prague. The Landwehrs [fencibles] are to be incorporated into and wear the uniform of the Auſtrian troops of the line; and are to be augmented by a levy-en maſſe. This has occaſioned much diſcontent. The Elector of Heſſe-Caſſel ſtill occupies Klattern with his corps.

CONSTAD, SEPT. 20. Many French troops particularly cavalry, have paſſed here for Auſtria; and ſeveral hundred recruiting officers have been ſent from Vienna to Straſburg.

LINTZ, SEPT. 17. We know but little of the progreſs of the negotiations for peace. A Ruſſian Miniſter, it is expected, will take an active part in them, to regulate the relations between Ruſſia, France, Auſtria, &c.

The Auſtrian corps in Hungary has approached nearer the Danube; a part of it has croſſed that river, and covers Comorn. The corps of the Archduke Palatine remains near Neuhauſel. The cordon of the Auſtrian army which paſſes along the Bavarian frontiers, is very numerous.

FRANKFORT, SEPT. 22. Meaſures have been taken to put Dreſden in a complete ſtate of defence, in caſe the war with Auſtria ſhould unexpectedly re-commence. A conſiderable train of artillery has been ſent to join the Saxon troops near Preſburg.

A line of telegraphs is to be eſtabliſhed from Paris to Vienna. The proper officers have begun their operations. The line from Augsburgh to Straſburg paſſes by Ulm and Conſtad.

SWEDEN. STOCKHOLM, SEPT. 14.

The official Gazette contains numerous accounts of actions between the Ruſſians and our troops and flotillas.—The ancient Swediſh reputation is ſupported; but the enemy's vaſt ſuperiority in numbers, obliges our troops to retire before them. Reſpecting peace we know nothing; but we have hope that we ſhall ſoon be not only at Peace with Ruſſia but Denmark.—☞ *The* London *Courier of Sept.* 28*th doubts the report of Peace between* Sweden *and* Ruſſia *being ſigned.*

Change in the British Miniſtry.

LONDON, OCT. 5. The only members of the Cabinet who have reſigned, are the Duke of Portland, (Firſt Lord of the Treaſury and of courſe Prime Miniſter); Mr. Canning, (Secretary of the Foreign Department); and Lord Caſtlereagh (Secretary of the War Department). Mr. Perceval (Chancellor of the Exchequer) has ſucceeded to the Head of the Treaſury; and the other vacancies have not yet been filled. According to *etiquette* the Firſt Lord of the Treaſury makes out a liſt of the adminiſtration.

The preſent Miniſters, as ſoon as the above reſignations were agreed upon, reſolved to ſubmit to his Majeſty their opinion that a Meſſage from his Majeſty ſhould be ſent to Lord Grenville, and Earl Grey. It was communicated to his Majeſty by Lord Liverpool and Mr. Perceval, and his Majeſty's pleaſure having been taken, two meſſengers were ſent to Lord Grenville, who is in Cornwall, and Lord Grey, who is in Northumberland.

It is now ſtated, that the following additional reſignations will take place: Lord Leveſon Gower, Earl Camden, and the Earl of Weſtmoreland. There will be then ſix vacancies in the Cabinet. The Members who remain are Lord Eldon, Earl of Chatham, Earl Bathurſt, Mr. Perceval, Lord Mulgrave, and the Earl of Liverpool.

The Courier denies the aſſertion that Lord Grenville or Earl Grey had been ſent for.

OCTOBER 6. We learn that Mr. Perceval has ſubmitted the following arrangement of a Cabinet to his Majeſty:—

Lord Hawkeſbury to be Secretary of Foreign Affairs, as *a temporary meaſure* for Lord Welleſley to whom it will be offered on his return from Spain, vice Canning.

Mr. Robert D. Saunders, (ſon of Lord Melville) to be Secretary of the War Department, vice Caſtlereagh.

Lord William Bentick to be Secretary of War, vice Lord L. Gower.

The Prince of Wales preſerves his accuſtomed neutrality in the preſent unſettled ſtate of affairs. He has frequent conferences with his Majeſty.

THE MINISTERIAL DUEL.

SEPT. 22. Yeſterday morning a duel was fought on Wimbledon Common, between Mr. Canning and Lord Caſtlereagh. Mr. C. was attended by Mr. Ellis; and Lord C. by his couſin Lord Yarmouth. Both parties fired together, and both miſſed; at the ſecond fire, Mr. C. received his antagoniſt's ball, in the upper part of his thigh, outſide the bone. As Mr. C. brought no ſurgeon with him, Mr. Home (Lord Caſtlereagh's ſurgeon) accompanied him to Glouceſter Lodge, where his wound was dreſſed.—The wound is not dangerous.

SEPT. 23. All the reports of the duel having been occaſioned by words ſpoken by Mr. Canning upon the ſubject of the late Expedition, or upon any appointment connected with the Expedition, are wholly unfounded. Nor did Lord Caſtlereagh take any offence at any thing ſaid at a Cabinet Dinner at the Duke of Portland's. The miſunderſtanding is not of a very recent date. About three or four months ago, ſo rumor ſtates, Mr. Canning conceived it would be for the advantage of his Majeſty's Service that Lord Caſtlereagh ſhould retire from the Cabinet. This opinion he is ſaid to have communicated to the Duke of Portland, the Premier, and his Grace concurring with him, his Majeſty's pleaſure was taken at a private audience. His Majeſty, in conſequence, conſented to receive the ſeals from Lord Caſtlereagh, and directed the Duke of Portland to ſubmit for his approbation a proper perſon to ſucceed his Lordſhip. The perſon wiſhed by Mr. Canning is ſaid to have been the Marquis Welleſley. The opinion entertained by Mr. Canning of the neceſſity of Lord Caſtlereagh's reſignation and of the ſteps taken were not diſguiſed by Mr. Canning: but Lord Caſtlereagh, it is added, felt himſelf injured by the circumſtance being concealed from him, whether by Mr. Canning's deſire or not we are not informed, or by other Members of the Cabinet. He conceived that a frank and open diſcloſure was what he had a right to expect.—Conceiving Mr. Canning to be the origin and author of the treatment of which he complained, he demanded ſatisfaction of him.—No correſpondence of any length took place between them—there were no more than two letters—the letter that demanded, and the anſwer that conſented to give ſatisfaction. Such is the report which is in circulation, and to which we are inclined to give credit—We underſtand that no converſation took place on the ground between Mr. Canning and Lord Caſtlereagh—There were two fires—after the firſt there was a ſhort pauſe, but neither party entering into any explanation, a ſecond piſtol was delivered to each, and the conſequence was, Mr. Canning's wound in the thigh.

LONDON, SEPT. 26. We have our fears that the late change in the Miniſtry will not accelerate the deſired accommodation with the United States. Mr. Canning was frequently out-voted in the Cabinet Council on the ſubject of American affairs.

Lord Chatham has returned from Holland, has been preſented to the King, and attends all the cabinet councils.

We need not take pains to contradict the ridiculous ſtory of blocking up the Scheldt by ſinking 12 ſhips of the line in it.

OCT. 6. We have late accounts from Fluſhing.—They ſtate, that all the French troops lately aſſembled on the Dutch coaſt had marched for the Danube; that reports from Rotterdam announced the recommencement of hoſtilities between Auſtria and France. Walcheren is to be retained; and is fortifying with great ſtrength and magnificence.

The revenue has been ſo uncommonly productive, that Miniſters will not call Parliament together until after Chriſtmas; thereby giving time to the country to forget ſome of their blunders.

The Spaniſh ſquadron (6 of the line and four frigates) lately recovered from the French in Ferrol, has been jury-maſted and rigged at the expreſs ſolicitation of our government, and ſent under convoy of the Triumph, 74, Capt. Linzee, out of harm's way in Cadiz.

A fleet of three hundred ſail all came to anchor off Shields a few days ſince; a great number of which were ſhips from Archangel, Norway, &c. laden with timber, naval ſtores, &c.

We received, this morning, Dutch papers to the 21ſt inſt. Bonaparte was at that date at Schoenbrun, and the Emperor of Auſtria at Buda, for which place the Auſtrian Count Buhna ſet out on the 15th, from Schoenbrun with deſpatches for his maſter. At his departure he was preſented by Bonaparte with a precious ſtone of great value. From which circumſtance it was inferred that the negociations are drawing to a cloſe. There are, however, many circumſtances unfavorable to this ſuppoſition. Letters from Straſburgh, of the 22d September, ſtate, that the Armiſtice, which expired on the 20th, has been prolonged for a month, with the additional ſtipulation, that hoſtilities are not to re-commence until after ſix weeks notice of its expiration. French corps and military ſtores had paſſed through that city on their way to Auſtria, and the troops, both French and Auſtrian, were in conſtant motion.

The accounts from Paris, in the Dutch papers are to the 27th ult. and from Bayonne to the 8th. Several detachments of troops have lately paſſed through the latter place, on their way to Spain.

NEW-YORK, NOV. 2.

Latest from France.

The United States ſhip Waſp, Lt. Lawrence has arrived in 33 days from L'Orient. She ſailed September 28th, and brings Lt. Haſwell who left Paris September 20th, with deſpatches from General Armſtrong.—Paſſengers in the Waſp inform, that nothing had been done by Mr. Armſtrong; nor did he expect to bring the French government to any terms, unleſs the United States would ſtipulate to DECLARE WAR againſt England or to *reſiſt* all ſearch by Britiſh cruizers:—That the deſpatches ſent out in the Waſp had not (September, 20th) been ſent to Bonaparte, as General A. thought it uſeleſs to trouble him on the ſubject:—That Mr. Armſtrong had remained in France merely at the requeſt of the French Miniſter, as ſomething deciſive from the Emperor might be expected; but that he deſpaired of ſucceſs, and would ſpeedily return to America; for which purpoſe he would have detained the Waſp had ſhe been able to accommodate his family.

No news of Peace between Auſtria and France, had been received:—and it was expected Ruſſia would join Auſtria, in conſequence of the enormous demands made by Napoleon of Francis.

The Prize Courts had ſuſpended condemnations of American veſſels; but none of the immenſe property detained had been, as far as we can learn, reſtored.

General Armſtrong informed one of the paſſengers (September 19th) that he had procured the releaſe of the American priſoners in France; who were to ſail from Dieppe, October 10th, for home.

The Waſp left this city, (New-York) 73 days ſince, and her deſpatches were delivered to Mr. Armſtrong in Paris in 24 days after leaving New-York. He anſwered thoſe deſpatches the ſecond day after receiving them.

"*Paris, Sept. 20th,* 1809.

"The Emperor is ſtill in the North, and freſh hoſtilities are expected. There are no proſpects of any alteration of our affairs with France. The Emperor ſays he will not take off his Decrees until England does hers.

"Mr. Swan is in priſon.—His ſuit with the government has been decided againſt him."

"Mr. Armſtrong gives it as his decided opinion that the U. S. will be compelled to take part either for or againſt France in the war with England."

"*Squally.*"

"*Paris, Sept.* 19.—On the 10th of October next, a "*flag of truce,*" expedited by his excellency the miniſter of the United States, near the court of France, will ſail from Dieppe for Philadelphia, or any other American port which the wind may permit her to enter; and will take on board perſons wiſhing to embark for the U. S."

BY THE LAST MAILS.

COLUMBIA.

WASHINGTON-CITY, NOV. 1.

THE United States have, at this time, in commiſſion, the following veſſels of war:—

FRIGATES.

Conſtitution	*Com. Rogers,*
Preſident	*Capt. Bainbridge,*
United States	*Capt. Decatur,*
Eſſex	*Capt. Smith.*

SHIP

John Adams	*Capt. Evans.*

BRIGS.

Siren	*Capt. Gordon,*
Argus	*Lt. Jones,*
Hornet	*Lt. Hunt,*
Ship Waſp	*Lt. Laurence,*
Brig Vixen	*Lt. Ludlow,*
Schr. Enterprize	*Lt. Trippe,*
Brig Nautilus	*Lt. Sinclair,*
Cutter Ferret	*Lt. Gadsden.*

About 20 gun-boats and bombs at New-Orleans.

We underſtand that all the veſſels of war above ſtated (excepting the Waſp and the Enterpriſe, which are on foreign ſervice) are under ſailing orders to ſketch along our coaſt and examine its various ports and harbors. Thus an opportunity is afforded of acquiring a branch of profeſſional knowledge which in time of war may be of incalculable benefit—while at the ſame time the Commanders will be training their young officers, diſciplining their crews, and preparing them for the moſt active ſervice.

On the 26th ult. the Conſtitution, Com. Rogers, arrived at Hampton in forty-five hours from Sandy Hook.

Same day, the Preſident, Capt. Bainbridge, and Vixen, Lieut. Ludlow, ſailed from New-York, Eaſtward to examine the different ports and harbors along the coaſt of Nantucket and Rhode Iſland.

Same day, the ſhip John Adams, Captain Evans, arrived at Hampton in 22 hours from Baltimore. This veſſel was, before ſhe was repaired, conſidered as a bad ſailer. She is now a very faſt ſailer, as are all our other veſſels above ſtated.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE NOV. 1.

FATAL DUEL:—On the 17th October a diſpute aroſe on board the frigate Eſſex, off Norfolk, between Dr. Hyde Ray and Mr. Vorhees, both of the United States Navy. The ſucceeding day, the latter ſent a challenge, which was immediately accepted, and the parties repaired to the field the ſame evening. The articles agreed upon were, that the parties ſhould ſtand at eight paces and exchange one fire, which proving ineffectual, each ſhould then advance three paces and decide the affair with the ſword. Mr. Vorhees fell at the firſt fire and ſoon expired. Dr. Ray is repreſented to have acted with courage, honour and propriety. He would have ſhunned the bloody conteſt, but the laws of Society conſtrained him to accept a peremptory and unconditional invitation to the field.

NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, NOV. 7.

The Spaniſh Government ſchooner Junta of Seville, arrived at Philadelphia on Friday, from Havana, with money and deſpatches for the Spaniſh Miniſter, Chevalier Onis.—She ſailed with the St. Ramon, and St. Leandro, of 68 guns each, carrying fourteen millions of dollars in ſpecie, for the Government, and loaded with Cochineal and Indigo, on public and private account. They convoyed the ſchooner to the American coaſt, and thence proceeded on their voyage to Cadiz.

The London Courier aſſerts, that Mr. Canning reſigned, becauſe he found he was to be diſappointed in his expectations of being Firſt Miniſter.

CONNECTICUT.

NEW-HAVEN, NOV. 7.

On Tueſday evening the 24th ult. the *Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences,* held their annual meeting in this city. The Oration was delivered by Mr. PROFESSOR DAY, before the Society and a reſpectable audience. His ſubject was the meteoric ſtones, which have, at different times, fallen from the atmoſphere; a ſubject, which has excited no ſmall degree of intereſt, throughout this country, in conſequence of the late fall of theſe ſtones, at Weſton, in this State. Mr. D[illegible]

to the glory of God, he resigned his secular employ, and came by invitation to Bengal, where he is now engaged in translating the Scriptures into the Persian language. This work hath not hitherto been executed for want of a translator of sufficient ability.—The Persian language is an important language in the East, being the general language of Western Asia, particularly among the higher classes, and is understood from Calcutta to Damascus. But the great work which occupies the attention of this noble Arabian, is the promulgation of the Gospel among his own countrymen; and from the present fluctuations of religious opinion in Arabia, he is sanguine in his hopes of success. His first work is entitled (Neama Besharatin lil Arabi) "*Happy News for Arabia;*" written in the Nabuttee, or common dialect of the country. It contains an eloquent and argumentative elucidation of the truth of the Gospel, with copious authorities admitted by the Mahometans themselves, and particularly by the Wahabians. And prefixed to it, is an account of the conversion of the author, and an appeal to the members of his well known family in Arabia, for the truth of the facts.

The following circumstance in the history of Sabat ought not to have been omitted. When his family in Arabia had heard that he had followed the example of Abdallah, and become a Christian, they dispatched his brother to India (a voyage of two months) to assassinate him. While Sabat was sitting in his house at Visagapatam his brother presented himself in the disguise of a Faqueer, or beggar, having a dagger concealed under his mantle. He rushed on Sabat, and wounded him. But Sabat seized his arm, and his servants came to his assistance. He then recognized his brother. The assassin would have become the victim of public justice but Sabat interceded for his brother, and sent him home in peace, with letters and presents to his mother's house in Arabia.

And these, my brethren, are the instances I wished to lay before you, of the divine power of the Christian religion recently exemplified in the East. The conversions of Abdallah and Sabat seem to have been as evidently produced by the Spirit of God, as any conversion in the primitive church.—Other instances have occurred in Arabia of a similar kind, and on the very borders of Palestine itself. These are like the solitary notices which, in other nations, have announced the approach of general illumination. John Huss, and Jerom of Prague, were not, perhaps, more talked of in Europe, than Abdallah and Sabat are at this day in Bocharia and Arabia.

VERY LATE NEWS,
FROM FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

By the arrival at New-York, of the ship Commodore Rogers, 22 days from Liverpool, bringing London papers to the 6th October, and the U. S. ship Wasp, 33 days from L'Orient.

☞ *French and Austrian Affairs.*

BAVARIA.

MUNICH GAZETTE, SEPT. 14, 1809.

AUSTRIAN GENERAL ORDERS.

"MY beloved subjects, and even my enemies know that I did not engage in the present war from motives of ambition, nor a desire of conquest. Self-preservation and independence, a peace consistent with the honor of my crown, and with the safety and tranquility of my people, constituted the exalted and sole aim of my exertions.

"The chance of war disappointed my expectations, the enemy penetrated into the interior of my dominions, and over-run it with all the horrors of war: but he learned at the same time, to appreciate the public spirit of my people, and the valour of my armies.—This experience, which he dearly bought, and my constant solicitude to promote the prosperity of my dominions, led to a negotiation for peace.

"My Ministers empowered for that purpose, have met those of the French Emperor. My wish is an honorable peace—a peace, the stipulations of which offer a prospect and possibility of duration. The valour of my armies, their unshaken courage, their ardent love of their country, their desire strongly pronounced, not to lay down their arms, till an honourable peace shall have been obtained, could not allow me to agree to conditions which threatened to shake the very foundations of the monarchy and disgrace us.

"The high spirit which animates my troops, affords me the best security, that, should the enemy yet mistake our sentiments and dispositions, we shall certainly obtain the reward of perseverance.

(Signed) "FRANCIS."

"*H. Q. Comorn, Sept.* 16, 1809."

AUSTRIA, (FRENCH)

VIENNA, SEPT. 19, 1809.

The Emperor Napoleon returned this day to Schoenbrun from Brunn, after an absence of four days. He reviewed Marshal Davoust's troops on his journey. The Emperor of Austria's aid-de-camp (Count Buhna) left Schoenbrun, the 15th for Buda; and carried a letter from the Em. Napoleon to his Austrian Majesty. Marshal Duroc presented Count Buhna with a precious gem; and from the observations he made on receiving it, it is inferred that the negotiations are drawing to a favourable close.

STRASBURG, SEPT. 22. The Armistice which expired the 20th, has been prolonged for one month, with the additional stipulation that hostilities shall not re-commence until after six weeks notice.

THE FRENCH CORPS

Have undergone little change. The late army of Italy occupies Carinthia, Carniola Styria, and part of Hungary. H. Q. at Raab—Marshal Macdonald's H. Q. are at Greatz—Oudinot's on the Morava, between Moravia and Hungary—Lefebvre's in Upper Austria, Saltzburg and the Tyrol frontier—Massena in West Moravia; and Davoust in East-Moravia. The Bavarians near Lintz.

VIENNA, SEPT. 9. One thing travellers from Hungary and Moravia are agreed in; and that is, that the Austrian army is not in a condition to re-commence hostilities.

NUREMBURG, SEPT. 16. All the Austrian magazines in South Bohemia, are removed to Prague. The Landwehrs [fencibles] are to be incorporated into and wear the uniform of the Austrian troops of the line; and are to be augmented by a levy-en-masse. This has occasioned much discontent. The Elector of Hesse-Cassel still occupies Klattern with his corps.

CONSTAD, SEPT. 20. Many French troops particularly cavalry, have passed here for Austria; and several hundred recruiting officers have been sent from Vienna to Strasburg.

LINTZ, SEPT. 17. We know but little of the progress of the negotiations for peace. A Russian Minister, it is expected, will take an active part in them, to regulate the relations between Russia, France, Austria, &c.

The Austrian corps in Hungary has approached nearer the Danube; a part of it has crossed that river, and covers Comorn. The corps of the Archduke Palatine remains near Neuhausel. The cordon of the Austrian army which passes along the Bavarian frontiers, is very numerous.

FRANKFORT, SEPT. 22. Measures have been taken to put Dresden in a complete state of defence, in case the war with Austria should unexpectedly re-commence. A considerable train of artillery has been sent to join the Saxon troops near Pressburg.

A line of telegraphs is to be established from Paris to Vienna. The proper officers have begun their operations. The line from Augsburgh to Strasburg passes by Ulm and Constad.

SWEDEN. STOCKHOLM, SEPT. 14.

The official Gazette contains numerous accounts of actions between the Russians and our troops and flotillas.—The ancient Swedish reputation is supported; but the enemy's vast superiority in numbers, obliges our troops to retire before them. Respecting peace we know nothing; but we have hope that we shall soon be not only at Peace with Russia but Denmark.—☞ *The* London *Courier of Sept.* 28*th doubts the report of Peace between* Sweden *and* Russia *being signed.*

Change in the British Ministry.

LONDON, OCT. 5. The only members of the Cabinet who have resigned, are the Duke of Portland, (First Lord of the Treasury, and of course Prime Minister); Mr. Canning, (Secretary of the Foreign Department); and Lord Castlereagh (Secretary of the War Department). Mr. Percival (Chancellor of the Exchequer) has succeeded to the Head of the Treasury; and the other vacancies have not yet been filled. According to *etiquette*, the First Lord of the Treasury makes out a list of the administration.

The present Ministers, as soon as the above resignations were agreed upon, resolved to submit to his Majesty their opinion that a Message from his Majesty should be sent to Lord Grenville, and Earl Grey. It was communicated to his Majesty by Lord Liverpool and Mr. Percival, and his Majesty's pleasure having been taken, two messengers were sent to Lord Grenville, who is in Cornwall, and Lord Grey, who is in Northumberland.

It is now stated, that the following additional resignations will take place: Lord Levison Gower, Earl Camden, and the Earl of Westmoreland. There will be then six vacancies in the Cabinet. The Members who remain are Lord Eldon, Earl of Chatham, Earl Bathurst, Mr. Percival, Lord Mulgrave, and the Earl of Liverpool.

The Courier denies the statement that Lord Grenville or Earl Grey had been sent for.

OCTOBER 6. We learn that Mr. Percival has submitted the following arrangement of a Cabinet to his Majesty:—

Lord Harrowby to be Secretary of Foreign Affairs, as *locum tenens* for Lord Wellesley to whom it will be offered on his return from Spain, vice Canning.

Mr. Robert D. Saunders, (son of Lord Melville) to be Secretary of the War Department, vice Castlereagh.

Lord William Bentick to be Secretary of War, vice Lord L. Gower.

The Prince of Wales preserves his accustomed neutrality in the present unsettled state of affairs. He has frequent conferences with his Majesty.

THE MINISTERIAL DUEL.

SEPT. 22. Yesterday morning a duel was fought on Wimbledon Common, between Mr. Canning and Lord Castlereagh. Mr. C. was attended by Mr. Ellis; and Lord C. by his cousin Lord Yarmouth. Both parties fired together, and both missed; at the second fire, Mr. C. received his antagonist's ball, in the upper part of his thigh, outside the bone. As Mr. C. brought no surgeon with him, Mr. Home (Lord Castlereagh's surgeon) accompanied him to Glocester Lodge, where his wound was dressed.—The wound is not dangerous.

SEPT. 23. All the reports of the duel having been occasioned by words spoken by Mr. Canning upon the subject of the late Expedition, or upon any appointment connected with the Expedition, are wholly unfounded. Nor did Lord Castlereagh take any offence at any thing said at a Cabinet Dinner at the Duke of Portland's. The misunderstanding is not of a very recent date. About three or four months ago, so rumor states, Mr. Canning conceived it would be for the advantage of his Majesty's Service that Lord Castlereagh should retire from the Cabinet. This opinion he is said to have communicated to the Duke of Portland, the Premier, and his Grace concurring with him, his Majesty's pleasure was taken at a private audience. His Majesty, in consequence, consented to receive the seals from Lord Castlereagh, and directed the Duke of Portland to submit for his approbation a proper person to succeed his Lordship. The person wished by Mr. Canning is said to have been the Marquis Wellesley. The opinion entertained by Mr. Canning of the necessity of Lord Castlereagh's resignation and of the steps taken were not disguised by Mr. Canning: but Lord Castlereagh, it is added, felt himself injured by the circumstance being concealed from him, whether by Mr. Canning's desire or not we are not informed, or by other Members of the Cabinet. He conceived that a frank and open disclosure was what he had a right to expect.—Conceiving Mr. Canning to be the origin and author of the treatment of which he complained, he demanded satisfaction of him.—No correspondence of any length took place between them—there were no more than two letters—the letter that demanded, and the answer that consented to give satisfaction. Such is the report which is in circulation, and to which we are inclined to give credit—We understand that no conversation took place on the ground between Mr. Canning and Lord Castlereagh—There were two fires—after the first there was a short pause, but neither party entering into any explanation, a second pistol was delivered to each, and the consequence was, Mr. Canning's wound in the thigh.

LONDON, SEPT. 26. We have our fears that the late change in the Ministry will not accelerate the desired accommodation with the United States. Mr. Canning was frequently out-voted in the Cabinet Council on the subject of American affairs.

Lord Chatham has returned from Holland, has been presented to the King, and attends all the cabinet councils.

We need not take pains to contradict the ridiculous story of blocking up the Scheldt by sinking 12 ships of the line in it.

OCT. 6. We have late accounts from Flushing.—They state, that all the French troops lately assembled on the Dutch coast had marched for the Danube; that reports from Rotterdam announced the recommencement of hostilities between Austria and France. Walcheren is to be retained; and is fortifying with great strength and magnificence.

The revenue has been so uncommonly productive, that Ministers will not call Parliament together until after Christmas; thereby giving time to the country to forget some of their blunders.

The Spanish squadron (6 of the line and four frigates) lately recovered from the French in Ferrol, has been jury-masted and rigged at the express solicitation of our government, and sent under convoy of the Triumph, 74, Capt. Linzee, out of harm's way in Cadiz.

A fleet of three hundred sail all came to anchor off Shields a few days since; a great number of which were ships from Archangel, Norway, &c. laden with timber, naval stores, &c.

We received, this morning, Dutch papers to the 1st inst. Bonaparte was at that date at Schoenbrun, and the Emperor of Austria at Buda, for which place the Austrian Count Buhna set out on the 15th, from Schoenbrun with despatches for his master. At his departure he was presented by Bonaparte with a precious stone of great value. From which circumstance it was inferred that the negociations are drawing to a close. There are, however, many circumstances unfavorable to this supposition. Letters from Strasburgh, of the 22d September, state, that the Armistice, which expired on the 20th, has been prolonged for a month, with the additional stipulation, that hostilities are not to re-commence until after six weeks notice of its expiration. French corps and military stores had passed through that city on their way to Austria, and the troops, both French and Austrian, were in constant motion.

The accounts from Paris, in the Dutch papers, are to the 27th ult. and from Bayonne to the 8th. Several detachments of troops have lately passed through the latter place, on their way to Spain.

NEW-YORK, NOV. 2.

Latest from France.

The United States ship Wasp, Lt. Lawrence, has arrived in 33 days from L'Orient. She sailed September 28th, and brings Lt. Haswell, who left Paris September 20th, with despatches from General Armstrong.—Passengers in the Wasp inform, that nothing had been done by Mr. Armstrong; nor did he expect to bring the French government to any terms, unless the United States would stipulate to DECLARE WAR against England or to *resist* all search by British cruizers:—That the despatches sent out in the Wasp had not (September, 20th) been sent to Bonaparte, as General A. thought it useless to trouble him on the subject:—That Mr. Armstrong had remained in France merely at the request of the French Minister, as something decisive from the Emperor might be expected; but that he despaired of success, and would speedily return to America; for which purpose he would have detained the Wasp had she been able to accommodate his family.

No news of Peace between Austria and France, had been received:—and it was expected Russia would join Austria, in consequence of the enormous demands made by Napoleon of Francis.

The Prize Courts had suspended condemnations of American vessels; but none of the immense property detained had been, as far as we can learn, restored.

General Armstrong informed one of the passengers (September 19th) that he had procured the release of the American prisoners in France; who were to sail from Dieppe, October 10th, for home.

The Wasp left this city, (New-York) 73 days since, and her despatches were delivered to Mr. Armstrong in Paris in 24 days after leaving New-York. He answered those despatches the second day after receiving them.

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"Mr. Swan is in prison.—His suit with the government has been decided against him."

"Mr. Armstrong gives it as his decided opinion that the U. S. will be compelled to take part either for or against France in the war with England."

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BY THE LAST MAILS.

COLUMBIA.

WASHINGTON-CITY, NOV. 1.

THE United States have, at this time, in commission, the following vessels of war:—

FRIGATES.

Constitution	*Com. Rogers,*
President	*Capt. Bainbridge,*
United States	*Capt. Decatur,*
Essex	*Capt. Smith.*

SHIP

John Adams	*Capt. Evans.*

BRIGS.

Siren	*Capt. Gordon,*
Argus	*Lt. Jones,*
Hornet	*Lt. Hunt,*
Ship Wasp	*Lt. Laurence,*
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About 20 gun-boats and bombs at New-Orleans.

We understand that all the vessels of war above stated (excepting the Wasp and the Enterprise, which are on foreign service) are under sailing orders to sketch along our coast and examine its various ports and harbors. Thus an opportunity is afforded of acquiring a branch of professional knowledge which in time of war may be of incalculable benefit—while at the same time the Commanders will be training their young officers, disciplining their crews, and preparing them for the most active service.

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Same day, the ship John Adams, Captain Evans, arrived at Hampton in 22 hours from Baltimore. This vessel was, before she was repaired, considered as a bad sailer. She is now a very fast sailer, as are all our other vessels above stated.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE NOV. 1.

FATAL DUEL:—On the 17th October a dispute arose on board the frigate Essex, off Norfolk, between Dr. Hyde Ray and Mr. Vorhees, both of the United States Navy. The succeeding day, the latter sent a challenge, which was immediately accepted, and the parties repaired to the field the same evening. The articles agreed upon were, that the parties should stand at eight paces and exchange one fire, which proving ineffectual, each should then advance three paces and decide the affair with the sword. Mr. Vorhees fell at the first fire and soon expired. Dr. Ray is represented to have acted with courage, honour and propriety. He would have shunned the bloody contest, but the laws of Society constrained him to accept a peremptory and unconditional invitation to the field.

NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, NOV. 7.

The Spanish Government schooner Junta of Seville, arrived at Philadelphia on Friday, from Havana, with money and despatches for the Spanish Minister, Chevalier Onis.—She sailed with the St. Ramon, and St. Leandro, of 68 guns each, carrying fourteen millions of dollars in specie, for the Government, and loaded with Cochineal and Indigo, on public and private account. They convoyed the schooner to the American coast, and thence proceeded on their voyage to Cadiz.

The London Courier asserts, that Mr. Canning resigned, because he found he was to be disappointed in his expectations of being First Minister.

CONNECTICUT.

NEW-HAVEN, NOV. 7.

On Tuesday evening the 24th ult. the *Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences,* held their annual meeting in this city. The Oration was delivered by Mr. PROFESSOR DAY, before the Society and a respectable audience. His subject was the meteoric stones, which have, at different times, fallen from the atmosphere; a subject, which has excited no small degree of interest, throughout this country, in consequence of the late fall of these stones, at Weston, in this State. Mr. D y

laſt gave a ſuccinct, but very intereſting detail of the various ſhowers of ſtones, of which we have any authentic accounts within the laſt three centuries. From the evidence furniſhed by theſe accounts he proved the actual fall of theſe bodies from the atmoſphere, in ſo convincing a manner, that no one of his audience can withhold his belief of the fact, who is willing to yield his aſſent to *teſtimony*.—Whenever theſe ſhowers have fallen in the night, they have been preceded by the appearance of a large luminous meteor, moving in a curve line through the heavens, with aſtoniſhing rapidity: growing brighter and brighter as it advanced: and ſuddenly vaniſhing from the ſight. Soon after its diſappearance, a loud report has uniformly been heard, through a great extent of country: and the body itſelf has in ſeveral inſtances been ſeen, at the ſame moment, by perſons 200 miles a-part. A violent preſumption is thus afforded, that thoſe ſhowers, which have fallen during the day, have been accompanied by ſimilar meteors, but that, owing to the light of the ſun, they have not been obſerved. Indeed one inſtance was mentioned in the Oration in which the meteor appeared in a bright ſunſhine: and yet with ſo much brilliancy as to occaſion a very perceptible ſhadow. From mathematical calculation it appears, that theſe meteors are from a quarter of a mile to a mile in diameter: that they are from 40 to 180 miles diſtant from the earth: and that they move with a velocity *of, at leaſt*, 300 *miles a minute*.—Mr. Day next ſtated the different hypotheſis, by which the philoſophers of Europe have endeavoured to account for this phenomenon: and ſhewed by the reſults of calculations, abſtruſe in their nature, but, as ſtated by him, remarkably clear and ſatisfactory, that theſe ſtones could not have been formed in the atmoſphere, and that, if formed there, they could not have received from it their very rapid motion; that they could not have been thrown from volcanoes on the earth: and that they could not have been projected from mountains in the moon.

No other theory has been offered to the public, except that of the late Preſident Clap of Yale-College. This reſpectable man was educated at a period when the Arts and Sciences were not very extenſively cultivated in this country; and when hardly a motive was preſented to the ſtudent to make any conſiderable attainments. The attainments which he actually made, however, bore honourable teſtimony to his induſtry, and his love of ſcience: and prove him to have been a man who, under happier auſpices, might have claimed a full equality with moſt of the diſtinguiſhed men in the two laſt centuries. He appears to have been unacquainted with the fall of ſtones from the atmoſphere, and to have formed his theory merely to account for the appearance of the meteors, which have been mentioned as occaſionally ſeen paſſing through it. He ſuppoſes the Earth like the Sun, attended by its own proper ſyſtem of comets, proportioned in their ſize, to their primary, and moving about it in very elliptical orbits. It is believed when theſe bodies, in their perigee, paſs through the atmoſphere, that, in conſequence of its reſiſtance, parts of them are broken off, and that theſe fragments are the meteoric ſtones.

The ſtyle of the Oration was neat and perſpicuous, and the marked attention of a very reſpectable audience, during the whole of its delivery, proved their eſtimation of its worth.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, NOV. 9.

LATEST FROM HOLLAND.

Yeſterday arrived here, the ſhip Governor Strong. Capt. Lord, 30 days from Rotterdam. Capt. Lord, left there 7th October, but brought no papers. The verbal intelligence communicated by Capt. Lord, and which is corroborated by the letter, of which he is the bearer, ſtate, that Bonaparte ſtill remained in Vienna.—that the Armiſtice had been prolonged to the 15th November—that Ruſſia was at a ſtand, apparently undetermined what courſe to purſue; and that no proſpect of a peace was entertained. That the American ſhipping had failed from the ports of Rotterdam and Amſterdam, principally for Ruſſia; that there had been no recent change in the maritime regulatians of the Dutch Goverinment, nor any relaxation of Bonaparte's Commercial Decrees. Capt. L. adds, that he did not hear of Bonaparte's being *in*-ſane or *in*-diſpoſed.

Capt. L. in his paſſage through the Britiſh Channel did not meet with a ſingle Britiſh cruizer. The United States ſchooner Experiment, was to have ſailed from the Texel, on the 4th October.

Walcheren remained in poſſeſſion of the Engliſh, when Capt. L. left Rotterdam.

BRITISH LICENCES.

A letter from Liverpool, dated October 4th, received in the Ceres, ſtates, "That the Britiſh Lords of the Council had refuſed to grant a LICENCE to protect an American ſhip from Amelia iſland; and that all veſſels importing articles from that iſland muſt be Britiſh or Spaniſh." This muſt be good news to certain noiſy Emoargoroons.

On this ſubject the London Courier, of September 28th, ſays, "The Council Board has announced that Licences for veſſels to clear for French and Dutch ports would be granted for three months, permitting the exportation of Britiſh produce and manufactures, and the importation of corn, and burſtones."

A Baltimore paper ſays that a gentleman recently arrived in that city, ſtates that the new governor of Buenos Ayres had rigidly interdicted foreigners, (Engliſh as well as others) trading to that province; and that it was expected he would order away all thoſe who had not become regularly Spaniſh ſubjects.

Liniers had been ordered to proceed to Spain, in a frigate that was preparing for the purpoſe, and to carry money to the Junta.

NEWPORT,

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1809.

At the ſeſſion of the Hon. General Aſſembly of this State, holden at South Kingſtown the laſt week, Zedock Young, Eſq. was appointed an aſſociate Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the county of Providence, in the place of James Arnold, Eſq. who declined ſerving. Thurſday, the 30th inſtant, was appointed a day of ſolemn Prayer and Thanksgiving throughout this State. The reports of the ſeveral Banks in this State, as required by law, were preſented, and after being read were referred to a committee, who reported the following abſtract:

Names of Banks	Bills in circulation	Specie.	Bills of other Banks	Deposits.	Depoſited in other Banks	Debts due the Banks.
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It is further ſtated, that the port of Havana was opened for the admiſſion of lumber on the 16th ult. and it was ſuppoſed farther relaxations would take place in favor of Americans.

Another account ſtates, that no veſſels would be admitted to an entry that arrived after the 20th of October: and all veſſels that arrived previous to that date, would be admitted. Markets dull, though flour was 20 dollars per bbl: pork 18, and beef 16.

It is ſaid in the Norfolk Ledger, that the Spaniſh Miniſter has ſignified to our government that unleſs he is formally received and acknowledged as the Ambaſſador of Ferdinand 7th, he muſt return home, as a reſidence in America on any other footing would be diſgraceful to him and to his country.

It is aſtoniſhing, that, after ſo many undeniable evidences of the hoſtility of Napoleon to our country, there ſhould be found among us men who are devoted to his intereſts. A few facts may be uſeful to refreſh men's minds.—Before Ruſſia fell under the influence of France, our country enjoyed a free, uninterrupted and profitable commerce with that nation; now it is embarraſſed with decrees and vexatious regulations, that render it ſcarce worth purſuing. Before Denmark fell under the fatal controul of Bonaparte, our commerce was wholly unmoleſted by her, and our relations with her ſtood upon the beſt footing; the ſame remarks apply to Hamburg, Bremen, and the ports of Pruſſia—now mark the contraſt, ſeizures, and captures at ſea, and ſequeſtrations, and condemnations of American property in the ports of thoſe powers are daily committed. Holland, whoſe exiſtence depending on commerce, has occaſionally relaxed her decrees in favour of our neutral commerce: but an order from Bonaparte, enforced by French officers, has inſtantly annihilated our commerce with that country. While Spain was under the orders of Napoleon our veſſels were ſeized and captured by the Spaniſh cruizers in Europe and the Weſt-Indies; now our veſſels paſs without interruption. With all theſe, and as many more facts (for facts they are, and we challenge the advocates of France to deny them,) which we could adduce, is it not matchleſs aſſurance to be told that Napoleon is "fighting for the liberty of the ſeas."

None of the papers from Waſhington, make mention of the ſtate or nature of the reported negotiation between Mr. Jackſon, and our government. It is ſaid, Mr. Secretary Smith had been ſeriouſly indiſpoſed; which might have retarded it. By this time it is preſumed the Preſident has ample information from Europe of what line of conduct we may expect from France and England; but as it is not probable it will be divulged to the American people before the meeting of Congreſs, the 27th inſt. the people muſt wait with much patience until then.

The Britiſh frigate L'Africaine, with Mr. Erſkine and family on board, ſailed from Hampton Roads for England, on Monday laſt week.

"*Select Reviews*," *No.* 10,

Is juſt received, and ready for delivery to Subſcribers at L. ROUSMANIERE'S *Book Store.*

Thanksgiving Days.—In this State, Connecticut and Maſſachuſetts, on the 30th inſt.—In New Hampſhire on the 23d inſt. and in Vermont the 7th December.

MARRIED.—In this town on Sunday evening laſt, by the Rev. Mr. Eddy, Mr. *JOSIAH LAWTON* to Miſs *JOANNA KNOWLES*, daughter of the late Mr. Robert Knowles, both of this town.

—On Thurſday evening laſt, by the Rev. Mr. Gibſon, Mr. *JOSEPH LYON*, jun. to Miſs *PHEBE MUMFORD*, daughter of the late Mr. Joſeph Mumford, both of this town.

DIED.—At South Kingſtown on the 21ſt ult. Mr. *CALEB CHAPPELL*, in the 79th year of his age.—A moſt excellent and valuable citizen.

—At Weſterly on the 3d inſt. after a long and diſtreſſing illneſs, Miſs *HARRIET CLARKE*, in the 25th year of her age.—"To pourtray the many virtues of this amiable young lady, would be needleſs: for they were all thoſe which conſtitute the truly chriſtian character, and enſures a bliſsful immortality.—She has left a numerous acquaintance to mourn their irreparable loſs."

—In this town on Thurſday morning laſt, Mrs. *ELIZABETH FAIRBANKS*, relict of the late Mr. David Fairbanks, in the 75th year of her age.—"Her life was ſpent in the exerciſe of every virtue that characteriſe the affectionate parent, the valuable friend, and ſincere chriſtian; in the houſe of ſickneſs and affliction ſhe was frequently called, and with a cheerful heart her ſervices were always rendered. Her numerous family, with a very large circle of friends and acquaintance, will long feel their bereavement."

—At New-York, on the 3d inſt. much and deſervedly lamented, Mrs. *ELIZA W. HALLETT*, conſort of Mr. Abraham S. Hallet, merchant, of that city, and daughter of the late Mr. John Thurſton, of this town.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF NEWPORT.

ENTERED,

Schooner Mount-Vernon, Shove, New-York: ſloop Fame, Waldin, ditto.

CLEARED,

Ship Sachem, Earl, Baltimore: ſch'r John, Hatch, Georgetown: ſloop Golden Age, Cottrell, New-York: do. Expreſs, Wood, ditto: do. Aurora, Cahoone, ditto: do. Liberty, Nichols, Richmond.

Arrived yeſterday, ſhip Bayard, Wood, of this port, in 56 days from Liverpool.—Capt. Wood, politely favoured us with London and Liverpool papers to Sept. 12.—Sailed in company with a number of American veſſels, moſt of whom have arrived.—Left at Liverpool, ſhip Rapid, Murfey, of this port, not diſcharged.—Sept. 30, lat. 50, 4, long. 10, 38, ſpoke brig Perſeverance, Page, of Bath 10 days from Liverpool for New-Orleans.

The ſhip George Waſhington, Gardner, of this port, ſailed from Liverpool Oct. 3, for New-Orleans.

The ſhip Eagle, Hudſon, ſailed from Liverpool Oct. 9. for this port.

The U. S. frigate Preſident, Capt. Bainbridge, arrived at this port on Tueſday from New-York.

Sale at Auction.

On MONDAY Nov. 13, 1809, *at XI o'clock A. M. on the Long Wharf.*

2000 wt. damaged COCOA.

RHODES & CAHOONE, *Auc'rs.*

Newport, Nov. 11, 1809.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,

On MONDAY, Nov 13, 1809, *at X o'clock A. M. on the premiſes.*

A LARGE and commodious Barn, ſituated in Farewell-ſtreet, late the property of William Helme, deceaſed.—Conditions made known at time and place of ſale.

HENRY Y. CRANSTON, *Auc'r.*

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,

On WEDNESDAY next the 15*th inſt, at XI o'clock A. M. on the premiſes.*

ALL the right, title and intereſt in the eſtate of *William W. Osborne*, deceaſed, of which the ſaid William died ſeized, ſituated in Newport, in Clarke-ſtreet No. 6.—Conditions to be made known at the time and place of ſale.

Newport, Nov. 9, 1809.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE,

THIRTEEN Houſe Lots, on Eaſton's Point, which for beauty of ſituation are exceeded by none in Town.—On one of the Lots is a ſmall convenient dwelling-houſe, and on another a new ſlaughter-houſe.—There is alſo on the ſhore a moſt valuable privilege for manure, and a ſtone quarry. The above will be ſold together, or in ſeparate lots. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms by applying at the Office of the Newport Mercury.

Newport, Nov. 9, 1809.

New Goods.

Harvey Seſſions & Co.

No. 125, *Thames Street.*

HAVE received their ſupply of Fall and Winter GOODS, which conſiſts of almoſt every article uſually called for in a Dry Goods Store, which they offer at prices that cannot fail to ſuit the purchaſer.—Alſo, A complete aſſortment of Cotton Yarn and Bedticks, which they will ſell as low as can be purchaſed at the factories, at wholeſale or retail. Wanted to purchaſe a quantity of good ſtrong Span flannell, and woollen yarn, for which a generous price will be given.

Newport, Nov. 9, 1809.

Ephraim Bowen, jun.

GRAND MASTER.

A QUARTERLY Communication of the GRAND LODGE of the State of Rhode-Iſland and Providence Plantations will be holden at Maſon's Hall in Providence, on Monday the 27th inſtant, at 6 o'clock P. M. of which the Officers and Members of the Grand Lodge, Proxies of Lodges, and all others concerned are requeſted to take notice, and give their punctual attendance accordingly.

By Order,

OTIS AMMIDON, *Grand Sec'ry.*

Providence, Nov. 10, 1809.

Muffs & Tippetts.

P. O. Richmond,

HAS juſt received a very elegant Aſſortment of Muffs and Tippets and ſingle Tippets without Muffs; conſiſting of elk, martin, polecat, bear, german martin and fable, of different ſizes and prices, ſome of a very ſuperior quality.—Alſo, An additional aſſortment of India Cottons, flannels, broadcloths, roſe blankets, black, bottle green and ſcarlet bombazetts, with a variety of other articles in demand, which will be ſold remarkably cheap.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

REMOVAL.

THE Subſcribers have removed their Auction and Commiſſion ſtore to that very eligible ſtand No. 94 Thames-Street, directly oppoſite Nellis *Wanton & Rathbone's* Book-Store, where they continue to tranſact Auction and Commiſſion buſineſs. Thoſe who may favour them with their buſineſs may depend on a faithful and prompt attention being given to their intereſt.

For Sale, On terms unuſually good, twenty cheſts Campoy Tea, 10 pipes country Gin, 20 bags Pimento, 10 barrels Pimento.—The above Goods being ſeparate conſignments will be ſold at prices greatly reduced, in order to cloſe the ſales.

N. B. Thoſe indebted to the Subſcribers are requeſted to ſettle immediately.—All orders from diſtant cuſtomers will be duly attended to.

HENRY Y. CRANSTON, & Co.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

For Charleſton, (S. C.)

THE Ship FRANKLIN, WILLIAM COZZENS Maſter, now lying at Gyles's Wharf, will ſail on the 28th inſt.—For Freight or Paſſage, having excellent accommodations for paſſengers, apply to BENJAMIN RUGGLES, or the Maſter on board.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

FOR GEORGETOWN, (S. C.)

THE Sloop MELENTHA, NATHANIEL LOCK Maſter, now lying at Lyon's Wharf, will ſail on the 25th inſt.—For freight or paſſage apply to BENJAMIN RUGGLES, or the Maſter on board.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders in the *PROGRESSIVE COMPANY* are requeſted to meet at the State-Houſe on *Wedneſday Evening*, the 15th inſt. at 6 o'clock.

By order of the Directors,

JOHN RODMAN, *Clerk.*

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of the eſtate of ELIJAH NORTON, late of Tiverton, merchant, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, that ſix months from the date hereof are allowed them to bring in their claims to the ſubſcribers, who are appointed commiſſioners thereon by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Tiverton. For the purpoſe of receiving them, they will attend at the dwelling-houſe of Benjamin Howland Eſq. in ſaid Tiverton, on the laſt Tueſdays in November, December, January, February, March and April next

THOMAS DURFEE, } *Com'rs.*
BENJAMIN HOWLAND }

All perſons indebted to the above eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment to

WILLIAM NORTON, *Adm'r.*

Tiverton, Nov. 8, 1809.

ACCOUNT BOOKS.

CONSTANTLY for ſale by
L. ROUSMANIERE,
No 1 *&* 2 *Long-Wharf,*

A complete aſſortment of ACCOUNT-BOOKS, either with or without patent-backs and tenant lines, of the firſt quality of paper, and bound in the beſt manner.

☞ Books made to any pattern, at the ſhorteſt notice, and loweſt price.

WRITING, LETTER & WRAPPING PAPER.

80 Reams beſt Brandywine Royal, Medium, Foolſcap, and Letter-Paper: 250 reams Barbank's beſt Foolſcap, Poſt and Letter Paper:—50 reams beſt Engliſh wove, hot-preſſed and laid Letter-Paper:—100 reams good Foolſcap Writing-Paper, at 275 cents per ream, ſuitable for Lawyer's Offices, Grocers, &c.:—200 reams of Pot Writing-Paper, at 250 Cents per ream:—And 200 reams Wrapping-Paper of a ſuperior quality, at 198 cents per ream—is for ſale as above, in either large or ſmall quantities, as cheap and upon as accommodating terms, as can be procured at any ſtore or manufactory in New-England.

SCHOOL-BOOKS,

of every kind uſed in this State, for ſale as above by the groſs, dozen or ſingle, and as cheap as at any Book Store whatſoever.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1809.

first gave a succinct, but very interesting detail of the various showers of stones, of which we have any authentic accounts within the last three centuries. From the evidence furnished by these accounts he proved the actual fall of these bodies from the atmosphere, in so convincing a manner, that no one of his audience can withhold his belief of the fact, who is willing to yield his assent to *testimony*.—Whenever these showers have fallen in the night, they have been preceded by the appearance of a large luminous meteor, moving in a curve line through the heavens, with astonishing rapidity: growing brighter and brighter as it advanced: and suddenly vanishing from the sight. Soon after its disappearance, a loud report has uniformly been heard, through a great extent of country: and the body itself has in several instances been seen, at the same moment, by persons 200 miles a-part. A violent presumption is thus afforded, that those showers, which have fallen during the day, have been accompanied by similar meteors, but that, owing to the light of the sun, they have not been observed. Indeed one instance was mentioned in the Oration in which the meteor appeared in a bright sunshine: and yet with so much brilliancy as to occasion a very perceptible shadow. From mathematical calculation it appears, that these meteors are from a quarter of a mile to a mile in diameter: that they are from 40 to 180 miles distant from the earth: and that they move with a velocity *of, at least*, 300 *miles a minute*.—Mr. Day next stated the different hypothesis, by which the philosophers of Europe have endeavoured to account for this phenomenon: and shewed by the results of calculations, abstruse in their nature, but, as stated by him, remarkably clear and satisfactory, that these stones could not have been formed in the atmosphere, and that, if formed there, they could not have received from it their very rapid motion; that they could not have been thrown from volcanoes on the earth: and that they could not havebeen projected from mountains in the moon.

No other theory has been offered to the public, except that of the late President Clap of Yale-College. This respectable man was educated at a period when the Arts and Sciences were not very extensively cultivated in this country; and when hardly a motive was presented to the student to make any considerable attainments. The attainments which he actually made, however, bore honourable testimony to his industry, and his love of science: and prove him to have been a man who, under happier auspices, might have claimed a full equality with most of the distinguished men in the two last centuries. He appears to have been unacquainted with the fall of stones from the atmosphere, and to have formed his theory merely to account for the appearance of the meteors, which have been mentioned as occasionally seen passing through it. He supposes the Earth like the Sun, attended by its own proper system of comets, proportioned in their size, to their primary, and moving about it in very elliptical orbits. It is believed when these bodies, in their perigee, pass through the atmosphere, that, in consequence of its resistance, parts of them are broken off, and that these fragments are the meteoric stones.

The style of the Oration was neat and perspicuous, and the marked attention of a very respectable audience, during the whole of its delivery, proved their estimation of its worth.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, NOV. 9.

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Walcheren remained in possession of the English, when Capt. L. left Rotterdam.

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None of the papers from Washington, make mention of the state or nature of the reported negotiation between Mr. Jackson, and our government. It is said, Mr. Secretary Smith had been seriously indisposed; which might have retarded it. By this time it is presumed the President has ample information from Europe of what line of conduct we may expect from France and England; but as it is not probable it will be divulged to the American people before the meeting of Congress, the 27th inst. the people must wait with much patience until then.

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"*Select Reviews*," *No.* 10,

Is just received, and ready for delivery to Subscribers at L. ROUSMANIERE'S *Book Store.*

Thanksgiving Days.—In this State, Connecticut and Massachusetts, on the 30th inst.—In New Hampshire on the 23d inst. and in Vermont the 7th December.

MARRIED.—In this town on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Eddy, Mr. *JOSIAH LAWTON* to Miss *JOANNA KNOWLES*, daughter of the late Mr. Robert Knowles, both of this town.

—On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Gibson, Mr. *JOSEPH LYON*, jun. to Miss *PHEBE MUMFORD*, daughter of the late Mr. Joseph Mumford, both of this town.

DIED.—At South Kingstown on the 21st ult. Mr. *CALEB CHAPPELL*, in the 79th year of his age.—A most excellent and valuable citizen.

—At Westerly on the 3d inst. after a long and distressing illness, Miss *HARRIOT CLARKE*, in the 25th year of her age.—"To pourtray the many virtues of this amiable young lady, would be needless: for they were all those which constitute the truly christian character, and ensures a blissful immortality.—She has left a numerous acquaintance to mourn their irreparable loss."

—In this town on Thursday morning last, Mrs. *ELIZABETH FAIRBANKS*, relict of the late Mr. David Fairbanks, in the 75th year of her age.—"Her life was spent in the exercise of every virtue that characterise the affectionate parent, the valuable friend, and sincere christian; in the house of sickness and affliction she was frequently called, and with a cheerful heart her services were always rendered. Her numerous family, with a very large circle of friends and acquaintance, will long feel their bereavement."

—At New-York, on the 3d inst. much and deservedly lamented, Mrs. *ELIZA W. HALLETT*, consort of Mr. Abraham S. Hallet, merchant, of that city, and daughter of the late Mr. John Thurston, of this town.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF NEWPORT.

ENTERED,

Schooner Mount-Vernon, Shove, New-York: sloop Fame, Waldin, ditto.

CLEARED,

Ship Sachem, Earl, Baltimore: sch'r John, Hatch, Georgetown: sloop Golden Age, Cottrell, New-York: do. Express, Wood, ditto: do. Aurora, Cahoone, ditto: do. Liberty, Nichols, Richmond.

Arrived yesterday, ship Bayard, Wood, of this port, in 56 days from Liverpool.—Capt. Wood, politely favoured us with London and Liverpool papers to Sept. 12.—Sailed in company with a number of American vessels, most of whom have arrived.—Left at Liverpool, ship Rapid, Murfey, of this port, not discharged.—Sept. 30, lat. 50, 4, long. 10, 38, spoke brig Perseverance, Page, of Bath, 10 days from Liverpool for New-Orleans.

The ship George Washington, Gardner, of this port, sailed from Liverpool Oct. 3, for New-Orleans.

The ship Eagle, Hudson, sailed from Liverpool Oct. 9, for this port.

The U. S. frigate President, Capt. Bainbridge, arrived at this port on Tuesday from New-York.

Sale at Auction.

On MONDAY, Nov. 13, 1809, at XI o'clock A. M. on the Long Wharf.

2000 wt. damaged COCOA.

RHODES & CAHOONE, *Auc'rs.*

Newport, Nov. 11, 1809.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,

On MONDAY, Nov. 13, 1809, at X o'clock A. M. on the premises.

A LARGE and commodious Barn, situated in Farewell-street, late the property of William Helme, deceased.—Conditions made known at time and place of sale.

HENRY Y. CRANSTON, *Auc'r.*

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,

On WEDNESDAY next, the 15th inst. at XI o'clock A. M. on the premises.

ALL the right, title and interest in the estate of *William W. Osborne*, deceased, of which the said William died seized, situated in Newport, in Clarke-street, No. 6.—Conditions to be made known at the time and place of sale.

Newport, Nov. 9, 1809.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE,

THIRTEEN House Lots, on Easton's Point, which for beauty of situation are exceeded by none in Town.—On one of the Lots is a small convenient dwelling-house, and on another a new slaughter-house.—There is also on the shore a most valuable privilege for manure, and a stone quarry. The above will be sold together, or in separate lots. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms by applying at the Office of the Newport Mercury.

Newport, Nov. 9, 1809.

New Goods.

Harvey Sessions & Co.

No. 125, Thames-Street.

HAVE received their supply of Fall and Winter GOODS, which consists of almost every article usually called for in a Dry Goods Store, which they offer at prices that cannot fail to suit the purchaser.—*Also*, A complete assortment of Cotton Yarn and Bedticks, which they will sell as low as can be purchased at the factories, at wholesale or retail. Wanted to purchase a quantity of good homespun flannell, and woolen yarn, for which a generous price will be given.

Newport, Nov. 9, 1809.

Ephraim Bowen, jun.

GRAND MASTER.

A QUARTERLY Communication of the GRAND LODGE of the State of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations will be holden at Mason's Hall in Providence, on Monday the 27th instant, at 6 o'clock P. M. of which the Officers and Members of the Grand Lodge, Proxies of Lodges, and all others concerned are requested to take notice, and give their punctual attendance accordingly.

By Order,

OTIS AMMIDON, *Grand Sec'ry.*

Providence, Nov. 10, 1809.

Muffs & Tippetts.

P. O. Richmond,

HAS just received a very elegant Assortment of Muffs and Tippets, and single Tippets without Muffs; consisting of elk, martin, polecat, bear, german martin and sable, of different sizes and prices, some of a very superior quality.—*Also*, An additional assortment of India Cottons, flannels, broadcloths, rose blankets, black, bottle green, and scarlet bombazetts, with a variety of other articles in demand, which will be sold remarkably cheap.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscribers have removed their Auction and Commission store to that very eligible stand No. 94, Thames-street, directly opposite Messrs. *Wanton & Rathbone's* Book-store, where they continue to transact Auction and Commission business. Those who may please to employ them may depend on a faithful and prompt attendance being given to their interest.

For Sale, On terms unusually good, twenty chests Campoy Tea, 10 pipes country Gin, 20 bags Coffee 10 barrels Pimento.—The above Goods being separate configuments will be sold at prices greatly reduced, in order to close the sales.

N. B. Those indebted to the Subscribers are requested to settle immediately.—All orders from distant customers will be duly attended to.

HENRY Y. CRANSTON, & Co.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

For Charleston, (S. C.)

THE Ship FRANKLIN, WILLIAM COZZENS Master, now lying at Gyles's Wharf, will sail on the 20th inst.—For Freight or Passage, having excellent accommodations for passengers, apply to BENJAMIN RUGGLES, or the Master on board.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

FOR GEORGETOWN, *(S. C.)*

THE Sloop MELENTHA, NATHANIEL LOCK Master, now lying at Lyon's Wharf, will sail on the 25th inst.—For freight or passage apply to BENJAMIN RUGGLES, or the Master on board.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders in the *PROGRESSIVE COMPANY* are requested to meet at the State-House on *Wednesday Evening*, the 15th inst. at 6 o'clock.

By order of the Directors,

JOHN RODMAN, *Clerk.*

Newport, Nov. 10, 1809.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of the estate of ELIJAH NORTON, late of Tiverton, merchant, deceased, represented insolvent, that six months from the date hereof are allowed them to bring in their claims to the subscribers, who are appointed commissioners thereon by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Tiverton. For the purpose of receiving them, they will attend at the dwelling-house of Benjamin Howland Esq. in said Tiverton, on the last Saturdays in November, December, January, February, March and April next.

THOMAS DURFEE, } *Com'rs.*
BENJAMIN HOWLAND }

All persons indebted to the above estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

WILLIAM NORTON, *Adm'r.*

Tiverton, Nov. 8, 1809.

ACCOUNT BOOKS.

CONSTANTLY for sale by
L. ROUSMANIERE,
No 1 & 2 Long-Wharf,

A complete assortment of ACCOUNT-BOOKS, either with or without patent-backs and faint lines, of the first quality of paper, and bound in the best manner.

☞ Books made to any pattern, at the shortest notice, and lowest price.

WRITING, LETTER & WRAPPING PAPER.

80 Reams best Brandywine Royal, Medium, Foolscap, and Letter-Paper: 250 reams Burbank's best Foolscap, Pot and Letter-Paper:—30 reams best English wove, hot-pressed and laid Letter-Paper:—100 reams good Foolscap Writing-Paper, at 275 cents per ream, suitable for Lawyer's Offices, Grocers, &c.:—200 reams of Pot Writing-Paper, at 250 Cents per ream:—And 200 reams Wrapping-Paper of a superior quality, at 108 cents per ream—is for sale as above, in either large or small quantities, as cheap and upon as accommodating terms, as can be procured at any store or manufactory in New-England.

SCHOOL-BOOKS,

of every kind used in this State, for sale as above by the grose, dozen or single, and as cheap as at any Book-Store whatsoever.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1809.

POETRY.

[Politics out of the queſtion, we believe no perſon of taſte can read the following without feeling the beauties of the poetry.—Campbell has written many good things, but we are miſtaken if ever he wrote any thing equal to the piece we now offer to our readers.]

BATTLE OF THE BALTIC.

By Thomas Campbell.

Of Nelſon and the North,
Sing the glorious day's renown,
When to battle fierce came forth
All the might of Denmark's crown,
And her arms along the deep proudly ſhone;
By each gun the lighted brand,
In a bold determined hand,
And the prince of all the land
Led them on.—

Like Leviathans afloat,
Lay their bulwarks on the brine;
While the ſign of battle flew,
On the lofty Britiſh line:
It was ten of April morn by the chime;
As they drifted on their path,
There was ſilence deep as death;
And the boldeſt held his breath,
For a time.—

But the might of England ruſht
To anticipate the ſcene;
And her van the fleeter ruſht
O'er the deadly ſpace between.
'Hearts of Oak,' our Captains cried; when each gun
From its adamantine lips
Spread a death-ſhade round the ſhips,
Like the hurricane eclipſe
Of the ſun.—

Again! again! again!
And the havock did not ſlack,
Till a feeble cheer the Dane
To our cheering ſent us back;—
Their ſhots along the deep ſlowly boom:
Then ceaſed—and all is wail,
As they ſtrike the ſhattered ſail;
Or, in conflagration pale,
Light the gloom.—

Out ſpoke the victor then,
As he hail'd them o'er the wave,
'Ye are brothers! ye are men!
'And we conquer but to ſave:
'So peace inſtead of death let us bring:
'But yield, proud foe, thy fleet,
'With the crews, at England's feet,
'And make ſubmiſſion meet
'To our King.'—

Then Denmark bleſt our Chief,
That he gave her wounds repoſe;
And the ſounds of joy and grief,
From her people wildly roſe;
As death withdrew his ſhades from the day,
While the ſun looked ſmiling bright
O'er a wide and woeful ſight,
Where the fires of fun'ral light
Died away.—

Now joy, old England, raiſe!
For the tidings of thy might,
By the ſelfſame cities' blaze,
While the wine cup ſhines in light;
And yet amidſt that joy and uproar,
Let us think of them that ſleep,
Full many a fathom deep,
By thy wild and ſtormy ſteep,
Elſinore!—

Brave hearts! to Britain's pride
Once ſo faithful and ſo true,
On the deck of fame that died,
With the gallant good Riou:*
Soft ſigh the winds of heaven o'er their grave!
While the billow mournful rolls,
And the mermaid's ſong condoles,
Singing glory to the ſouls
Of the brave!

* *Capt.* Riou, *juſtly entitled the gallant and the good, by Lord Nelſon, when he wrote home his deſpatches.*

TAKE NOTICE.

WILLIAM PEARCE,

Reſpectfully informs his friends and the public in general,

THAT he continues keeping a TAVERN at his Houſe in the Village of Wickford, town of North-Kingſtown, nexr door to *Philip Tillinghaſt*, Eſq. where the greateſt attention will be paid to thoſe who may pleaſe to favour him with their company, and may depend on having the ſmalleſt favour gratefully acknowledged.

☞ The Houſe may be well-known by its end fronting the ſtreet, and the ſign of a Bunch of Grapes.

Wickford, (R. I) October 13, 1809.

MARY SMITH,

No. 15, *Waſhington-ſtreet, Has for Sale.*

5000 Bunches ONIONS, in good order for ſhipping and a quantity of Beets and Carrots.

Newport, Sept. 29, 1809.

PLEASE TO TAKE NOTICE.

THE Subſcribers reſpectfully inform their Friends and the public, that they have entered into Partnerſhip, and taken the well-known Stables belonging to Mr. Thomas Townsend ſituated in Green-ſtreet, where Horſes and Carriages for every purpoſe will be furniſhed at ſhort notice; particularly Coaches provided with careful and experienced drivers, for parties of pleaſure or travellers; and ſaddle Horſes either for Ladies or Gentlemen; they will alſo furniſh diſpatch meſſengers for any direction. Their ſtables being well calculated for the buſineſs, Horſes will be taken in to keep at reaſonable rates for long or ſhort periods; and as they are determined to attend well to every part of their buſineſs, they hope to merit the favours of the public.

JOHN G. EASTON,
Wm E. DRUMMOND.

THE Subſcriber from long and intimate knowledge of Wm E. Drummond, and confidence in his Partner, recommends them as worthy the encouragement of the public,

THOMAS TOWNSEND.

William Engs & Son,

No. 170, *Thames Street.*

HAVE lately received and keep conſtantly for Sale, a very extenſive variety of IRONMONGERY & HARDWARE GOODS. Alſo, many articles in the Ship Chandlery line, a large Aſſortment of Nails of the beſt qualities; Steel of various kinds; ſheet Lead; ſheet Iron; ſeine Twine; braſs Kettles, &c. &c.

Newport, June 16, 1809.

ENGLISH IRON, GLASS WARE, & CROCKERY,

JUST Received per ſhips *William & Henry* and *Union*, direct from Liverpool, conſiſting of:

75 Tons aſſorted Engliſh IRON.
3 Tons Iron HOOP.
10 Tierces aſſorted Glaſs WARE, and
20 Crates do Crockery Ditto, ſelected particularly for this Market.
2000 wt. No. 1 to 6 Engliſh SHOT.
2300 wt. White dry LEAD.
2000 buſhels Salt.
50 dozen Porter.

The above will be diſpoſed of on accommodating terms, for approved Notes, by SIMEON & EDWARD MARTIN, at their Counting-Room, No. 51, Long-Wharf, or by GEORGE W. MARTIN, at his Genuine Grocery and Commiſſion Store, No. 2, Church-ſtreet, where every deſcription of Groceries are offered at reduced prices.

Newport, Sept. 30, 1809.

Green Tea,

OF a flavour uncommonly agreeable *(Freſh)* is now retailing by GEORGE W. MARTIN, at the very moderate price of Eight Shillings per lb.

Newport, Church-ſtreet, Sept. 15, 1809.

John F. Townſend & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform the Public of their Removal to the Store, No. 137, Thames-ſtreet, at the ſign of the Golden Eagle, lately occupied by Mr. J. Bours, where they offer for Sale, a large and well choſen Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, compriſing almoſt every article in demand, as cheap as can be purchaſed in Newport

Newport, Sept. 3, 1809.

Removal.

Albert W. Gardiner,

Informs his Friends and the Public

THAT he has removed his Store of GOODS to No. 102 Thames-ſtreet lately occupied by *Sally M. Smith & Co.* where he has conſtantly on hand and for ſale a large and valuable Aſſortment of

Engliſh, India, French, Dutch, Scotch and American manufactured Goods.

Of all deſcriptions, adapted to every ſeaſon of the Year which he will ſell as cheap for Caſh as can be purchaſed in the United States.

Also an elegant assortment of

Ladies Hats and Bonnetts,

Conſtantly on hand of the neweſt faſhions Straw ſilk and willow Bonnetts made at the ſhorteſt notice.—Orders of every kind ſtrictly attended to.

N. B. Every article for Mourning conſtantly on hand.

Newport July 21 1809.

New Goods.

P. O. Richmond,

HAS juſt received and is now opening, at his Caſh Store, No. 155, Thames-ſtreet, a very extenſive and general Aſſortment of freſh imported DRY GOODS, conſiſting of ſuperfine and common Broadcloths, Caſſimeres, Coatings, and flannels of various deſcriptions, bombazetts, rattinetts, wildbores, India cottons, cotton cambricks, fine cambrick ſhirting, India and Scotch book muſlins, and muſlin handkerchiefs, long lawns for pocket handkerchiefs, plain and figur'd leno, ladies heſt long, white and coloured kid and ſilk gloves, black and ſlate coloured worſted hoſiery, brown linens, one box fine and low priced Iriſh linens, of an approved bleach, and one bale roſe blankets, with a great variety of other articles ſuitable for the preſent and approaching ſeaſon, which, having been bought for caſh, can be afforded lower than has been ſold for ſeveral years paſt.

Newport, Oct. 6, 1809.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors to the eſtate of Capt. *John Gardiner*, late of South-Kingſtown, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, that ſix months from the date hereof are allowed them to exhibit their claims to the Subſcribers, who are appointed Commiſſioners thereon by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of South-Kingſtown; for the purpoſe of receiving them, they will attend at the dwelling-houſe of Joſeph Reynolds, in South Kingſtown, on the laſt Saturdays in Auguſt, September and November next:

JOHN HAGADORN,
WILLETT CARPENTER. } *Com'rs.*

All perſons indebted to the above eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment to BENJAMIN GARDINER, of Middletown, Adminiſtrator.

South Kingstown, June 12, 1809.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors to the eſtate of Col. *John Gardiner*, late of South-Kingſtown, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, that twelve months from the date hereof are allowed them to exhibit their claims to the Subſcribers, who are appointed Commiſſioners thereon by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of South-Kingſtown; for the purpoſe of receiving them, they will attend at the dwelling-houſe of Joſeph Reynolds, in South-Kingſtown, on the laſt Saturdays in May, Auguſt, November and Feburary next.

JOHN HAGADORN,
WILLETT CARPENTER. } *Com'rs.*

All perſons indebted to the above eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment to

BENJAMIN GARDINER, *Executor.*

Middletown, March 15, 1809.

EVENING SCHOOL.

MR. FRASER's Evening School will be opened for the inſtruction of Youth on the Evening of Wednesday the firſt of November next.

Newport, Oct. 18, 1809.

Lopez & Dexter,

Offer for sale

36 Puncheons St. Croix Rum.
11 pipes 4th proof Spaniſh Brandy.
15 do. 11th proof Country Gin.
10 do. Madeira Wine.
24 Quarter-caſks Liſbon Ditto.
75 cheſts Souchong Tea.
8 do. Hyſon-ſkin ditto.
26,000 lb. Weſt-India Coffee.
15 bags Pimento.
74 bales Upland Cotton.
100 boxes Muſcatel Raiſins.
55 barrels N. Y. inſpected prime Pork.
60 Tons aſſorted Swedes Iron.
700 quintals Codfiſh.
15 boxes Window Glaſs.
150 reams Wrapping Paper.
100 do. Foolſcap Do.
8 Hogſheads Loaf Sugar.

Also, the following freſh imported Dry Goods.

5 Caſes India Silks.
600 pieces blue Nankeen.
200 do. yellow Ditto.
250 do. white Ditto.
3 bales Superfine Broadcloths
2 caſes Cotton Sewings.
do. fancy Prints.
1 do. Engliſh ſewing Silks.
1 do. men's and women's Gloves
2 do. cotton Shirtings.
1 do. fancy Muſlins.
1 do. Marſeilles Veſting
1 do. Cambrick Muſlins.
1 do. Bombazetts.
1 bale Caſſimeres.
1 caſe Velvets.
100 pieces Ruſſia Diaper.
50 do red yellow and brown Bandanoes.

Newport July 25 1809.

FARMS FOR SALE.

The Subſcriber offers for Sale the following FARMS in the State of Connecticut:—

ONE in the north Society in Coventry, on the road leading from Hebron to Tolland, containing about 110 acres of excellent Land, about two miles from the Meeting-Houſe half a mile from a School, and 100 rods from a good griſt mill and ſaw-mill. The Farm lies on Skungamug river, has about 25 acres of interval, the remainder upland, and conſiſts of mowing, ploughing, paſturing, wood and timber land; will cut from 35 to 40 tons of hay annually is well watered by the above river and a number of living ſprings. There are on the premiſes a very neat, convenient Dwelling Houſe barn and other out-houſes entirely new, and nearly finiſhed; a well of water which never fails, within ten feet of the door; a thrifty young orchard juſt beginning to bear, and an old one ſomewhat decayed.

Twe Farms in the firſt ſociety in Hartland, pleaſantly ſituated about one mile ſouth of the Meeting-Houſe, and within 20 miles of Hartford: one contains about 240 acres with a large good one ſtory houſe, with two chimnies, well finiſhed, and conveniant for two families: three barns, out-houſes, &c all in good repair; has about 40 acres of mowing 150 of ploughing and paſturing and 50 of wood; has good orcharding, is well watered and well fenced. The other Farm contains about 60 acres, with a ſmall one ſtory farm-houſe, barn and orchard; well proportioned into mowing, paſturing, ploughing and woodland; well watered and under good improvement. Poſſeſſion given immediately.

Three Farms pleaſantly ſituated in the north part of Granville, they adjoin each other and contain about 330 acres, and are extremely well calculated for the ſettlement and neighbourhood of a family connexion. One contains about 125 acres, with a two ſtory houſe and barn, and three flouriſhing young orchards; will cut annually from 25 to 30 tons of good hay. One of 115 acres, with a one ſtory Houſe, barn, and young orchard, will cut from 25 to 30 tons of hay; and one of about 90 acres, with a one ſtory houſe, barn, and a young orchard; will cut from 8 to 12 tons of hay. Theſe Farms are well watered, well fenced, and ſuitably proportioned into mowing, paſturing, ploughing and woodland; and will be ſold ſeparately or together, and poſſeſſion may be had immediately.

Alſo one in Blandford, of fifty acres, with a Houſe and barn; well watered, under good improvement, and well proportioned into mowing, paſturing, ploughing and woodland.

The above Farms will be ſold on reaſonable terms, and long credit given for a conſiderable part of the purchaſe on the payment of annual intereſt.

The Subſcriber alſo offers for ſale, an eligible and convenient ſtand for a Tavern and ſtore, in the town of Vernon on the Hartford and Tolland turnpike road; twelve miles from Hartford, and about the ſame diſtance from Stafford ſprings; lately occupied as a Tavern and ſtore by Mr. Lebbeus P. Tinker, and now occupied by Mr. James Chapman; conſiſting of a neat, ſpacious well finiſhed Houſe and ſtore, two barns, one entirely new and large, having ſufficient ſtabling, and every neceſſary accommodation for a tavern; about three acres of land, including a garden, with conſiderable fruit, and an Orchard that will produce from 20 to 30 barrels of cider annually. Alſo, ten acres of woodland, within one mile of the above ſtand.

Alſo, One hundred thouſand acres of Land, in New Connecticut; part of which lays in the flouriſhing towns of Hartford, Vienna, Nelſon, and Rootſtown; ſettled from thirty to ſixty families in each town. Theſe towns are well watered and well accommodated with roads, griſt mills and ſaw mills; the land is of a good quality, the water is good, and the country remarkably healthy. And part is ſituated in three entire towns, of about 15,000 acres each, and in ſeveral tracts of land from 1000 to 4000 acres, not ſurveyed into lots, and which the ſubſcriber will ſell either by the whole townſhip or tract, or by any leſs quantity, as may beſt ſuit purchaſers. *It will be noticed*, that the price of land in the unſettled towns and tracts, will be conſiderably leſs than thoſe towns which are ſettling, and will not only give to an individual or company who may purchaſe, the advantage of a firſt choice, but alſo will ſecure to them, the riſe in the value of the lands.

A good title, and the moſt liberal terms given to purchaſers. EPHRAIM ROOT.

☞ For further particulars, apply to JOSEPH ROGERS, Eſq. at Hartford, Connecticut.

Hartford, (Con) October 8, 1809.

NOTICE.

THE perſons that on the night of the 20th inſt. broke down the fence of the Subſcriber's Garden, on the Point, are well known, and unleſs they immediately ſatisfy him for the damage he has ſuſtained in conſequence of it, they are informed that coercive meaſures will be adopted to enforce a compliance.

GEORGE CLARKE, jun.

Newport, Oct. 27, 1809.

SHIP-CHANDLERY.

THE Subſcribers, at their Store, on Handy's Wharf, offer for ſale on good terms, Bar, Rod and Hoop Iron, from 1½ to 3 inch flat; 5-8, 6-8, 7-8 and inch ſquare; Stoves, Cambooſes and Anchors, of various ſizes; Linſeed and Lamp Oil; Paints of different colours; Tar, Pitch, Turpentine and Roſin; red, white and blue Bunting, and ready-made Colours: Sheathing Paper; Spikes and Nails aſſorted; Hooks and Thimbles: wood and braſs Compaſſes; Quadrants; Teleſcopes; Book Charts, &c. together with all the articles of Ship Chandlery neceſſary for the equipment of veſſels.—Orders from diſtant cuſtomers will meet with due attention.—*Also juſt received*, 2500 buſhels Bonaviſta Salt, and 6 Tons Philadelphia Bar Iron.

EARL & ALLSTON.

Newport, June 2, 1809.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has for Sale at his Store on his Wharf, next, North of the Ferry-Wharf.

TAR, Pitch, Turpentine and Roſin by the Hundred or ſingle barrel; Corn by the Hundred or ſingle buſhel; Beef and Pork; Iron aſſorted; Iron Hoop by the bundle or quantity; cut and wrought Nails by the caſk or retail; and 8d flats for ſheathing; Paper for ditto; Salt by the hundred or ſingle buſhel, 10 caſks freſh Rice; a ſmall cargo of Cedar Shingles, juſt landed from North-Carolina; Alſo juſt landing, a quantity of Philadelphia ſuperfine Flour, together with an Aſſortment of Groceries.—*Also*, Hyſon, Hyſon-ſkin, Souchong and Bohea Teas.; 6 Tons old Sable Iron, ſuitable for cart tire; 8 tons Swede's Iron, well aſſorted: 1000 buſhels Liverpool Salt; Pine Shingles.

GILBERT CHASE.

Newport, October 20, 1809.

FOR SALE,

By the Subscribers at their Store.

SEVENTY Hogſheads ſcrewed Fiſh in prime order for ſhipping: 1000 buſhels of Southern Corn: 120 barrels freſh Flour, Jamaica Rum: Pilot Bread: Bar Iron, Tar Turpentine: Roſin: Grindſtones: Aſh Oars, Anchors: Ruſſia Duck and Sewing Twine: with a variety of other articles in the Ship-Chandlery line.

BOWEN & ENNIS.

Newport April 28, 1809.

TWO HOUSES TO LET.

THE HOUSE No. 212, Thames-Street, being lately put in excellent repair, having five rooms on a floor, and ſituated in a pleaſant part of the Town.—*Also*, The Houſe, No. 202, in the ſame ſtreet, at preſent occupied by Mr. *Horatio S. Dexter*.—Perſons wiſhing to hire either of the above Houſes, may know the terms by applying to HENRY BULL, at his Store, next door North of the Coffee-Houſe.

Newport, Sept. 1, 1809.

FOR SALE,

THE building in Bridge-ſtreet; with the Lot of Land thereto belonging, hitherto occupied as a Cabinet maker's ſhop; being calculated for a Dwelling-Houſe, it has an excellent frame, and at a ſmall expence could be finiſhed.—*Also*, The Dwelling-Houſe and Lot of Land thereto belonging, next eaſtward, at preſent occupied by Capt. *Cornelius Bennett*; very convenient for a ſmall family.—*Also*, One divided fifth part of the Houſe in Coddington ſtreet, next eaſtward of Mr. *Perry Weaver's*, conſiſting of two Chambers, a room in the garret, a part of the cellar, and an equal right in the yard, with a Garden Lot ſet off. *Also*, A variety of Cabinet maker's Tools, and ome excellent Mahogany.—Apply to

SOLOMON TOWNSEND,
JOHN F. TOWNSEND.

Newport, July 4, 1809.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET,

A BRICK HOUSE on the Hill, next but one to the Rev. Mr. Tenney's Meeting-Houſe.—For terms apply to

WILLIAM ELLERY.

Newport, August 17, 1809.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subſcriber offers for Sale a ſmal FARM, containing about 30 Acres of excellent Land, (moſtly meadow,) ſituated in Middletown, about 4 miles from Newport, at preſent occupied by *Giles Barker*. Said Farm is well fenced and watered; and a two-ſtory Dwelling-Houſe, barn and crib, and an excellent Orchard thereon. An indiſputable title will be given.—Poſſeſſion may be had on the 25th of March next.—For further particulars, apply to

MARY STANTON.

Newport, October 13, 1809.

VALUABLE PROPERTY. *FOR SALE,*

THAT large and ſpacious DWELLING-HOUSE, the well-known ſtand occupied by the Subſcriber as a Tavern, in the town of Weſterly. There is on the premiſes two good barns, chaiſe-houſe, ſhed and other out buildings. An excellent kitchen garden, and a well of water near the door; the buildings are all in excellent repair the Houſe is exceedingly well calculated for a tavern, and is about eight rods from Pawcatuck Bridge, and is on the poſt road leading to Newport and New-London; part of the above deſcribed Houſe is occupied by the proprietors of the Waſhington Bank. The Poſt-Office is alſo kept in the ſame building.—It is unneceſſary to go further into the particulars reſpecting the conveniences of ſaid ſtand.

Alſo, A FARM, about a mile north of Pawcatuck Bridge, containing about 64 Acres, with a Dwelling-Houſe thereon ſtanding. A new barn, corn-houſe and cheeſe-houſe have lately been erected. For fertility of ſoil and pleaſantneſs of ſituation, it is exceeded by few in the town, and is fenced into convenient lots by a good and ſubſtantial ſtone wall, and is well watered by never failing ſprings.

Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the above property, the payments will be eaſy, and terms made known by applying to

PAUL RHODES.

Westerly (Rhode-Island) August 5, 1809

FOR SALE,

THE Sloop NANCY burthen 22 Tons, in good repair.—*Alſo*, Wanted to buy immediately Two Sloops, burthen about 15 Tons each faſt ſailers, ſuitable for Packets to run from the South-Ferry to Newport.—Apply to the Subſcriber at the South-Ferry.

E. W. GARDNER.

South-Kingstown, Aug. 14, 1809.

POETRY.

[Politics out of the queſtion, we believe no perſon of taſte can read the following without feeling the beauties of the poetry.—Campbell has written many good things, but we are miſtaken if ever he wrote any thing equal to the piece we now offer to our readers.]

BATTLE OF THE BALTIC.

By Thomas Campbell.

Of Nelſon and the North,
Sing the glorious day's renown,
When to battle fierce came forth
All the might of Denmark's crown,
And her arms along the deep proudly ſhone;
By each gun the lighted brand,
In a bold determined hand,
And the prince of all the land
Led them on.—

Like Leviathans afloat,
Lay their bulwarks on the brine;
While the ſign of battle flew,
On the lofty Britiſh line:
It was ten of April morn by the chime:
As they drifted on their path,
There was ſilence deep as death;
And the boldeſt held his breath,
For a time.—

But the might of England flusht
To anticipate the ſcene;
And her van the fleeter ruſht
O'er the deadly ſpace between.
'Hearts of Oak,' our Captains cried; when each gun
From its adamantine lips
Spread a death-ſhade round the ſhips,
Like the hurricane eclipſe
Of the ſun.—

Again! again! again!
And the havock did not ſlack,
Till a feeble cheer the Dane
To our cheering ſent us back;—
Their ſhots along the deep ſlowly boom:
Then ceaſed—and all is wail,
As they ſtrike the ſhattered ſail;
Or, in conflagration pale,
Light the gloom.—

Out ſpoke the victor then,
As he hail'd them o'er the wave,
'Ye are brothers! ye are men!
'And we conquer but to ſave:
'So peace inſtead of death let us bring:
'But yield, proud foe, thy fleet,
'With the crews, at England's feet,
'And make ſubmiſſion meet
'To our King.'—

Then Denmark bleſt our Chief,
That he gave her wounds repoſe;
And the ſounds of joy and grief,
From her people wildly roſe;
As death withdrew his ſhades from the day,
While the ſun looked ſmiling bright
O'er a wide and woeful ſight,
Where the fires of fun'ral light
Died away.—

Now joy, old England, raiſe!
For the tidings of thy might,
By the feſtal cities' blaze,
While the wine cup ſhines in light;
And yet amidſt that joy and uproar,
Let us think of them that ſleep,
Full many a fathom deep,
By thy wild and ſtormy ſteep,
Elſinore!—

Brave hearts! to Britain's pride
Once ſo faithful and ſo true,
On the deck of fame that died,
With the gallant good Riou:*
Soft ſigh the winds of heaven o'er their grave!
While the billow mournful rolls,
And the mermaid's ſong condoles,
Singing glory to the ſouls
Of the brave!

* *Capt.* Riou, *juſtly entitled the gallant and the good, by Lord Nelſon, when he wrote home his deſpatches.*

TAKE NOTICE.

WILLIAM PEARCE,

Reſpectfully informs his friends and the public in general,

THAT he continues keeping a TAVERN at his Houſe in the Village of Wickford, town of North-Kingſtown, nexr door to *Philip Tillinghaſt*, Eſq. where the greateſt attention will be paid to thoſe who may pleaſe to favour him with their company, and may depend on having the ſmalleſt favour gratefully acknowledged.

☞ The Houſe may be well-known by its end fronting the ſtreet, and the ſign of a Bunch of Grapes.

Wickford, (R. I.) October 13, 1809.

MARY SMITH,

No. 15, *Waſhington-ſtreet, Has for Sale.*

5000 Bunches ONIONS, in good order for ſhipping and a quantity of Beets and Carrots.

Newport, Sept. 29, 1809.

PLEASE TO TAKE NOTICE.

THE Subſcribers reſpectfully inform their Friends and the public, that they have entered into Partnerſhip, and taken the well-known Stables belonging to Mr. Thomas Townsend ſituated in Green-ſtreet, where Horſes and Carriages for every purpoſe will be furniſhed at ſhort notice; particularly Coachees provided with careful and experienced drivers, for parties of pleaſure or travellers; and ſaddle Horſes either for Ladies or Gentlemen; they will alſo furniſh diſpatch meſſengers for any direction. Their ſtables being well calculated for the buſineſs, Horſes will be taken in to keep at reaſonable rates for long or ſhort periods; and as they are determined to attend well to every part of their buſineſs, they hope to merit the favours of the public.

JOHN G. EASTON,
WM. E. DRUMMOND.

THE Subſcriber from long and intimate knowledge of Wm. E. Drummond, and confidence in his Partner, recommends them as worthy the encouragement of the public,

William Engs & Son,

No. 170, *Thames Street.*

HAVE lately received and keep conſtantly for Sale, a very extenſive variety of IRONMONGERY & HARDWARE GOODS. Alſo, many articles in the Ship Chandlery line, a large Aſſortment of Nails of the beſt qualities; Steel of various kinds; ſheet Lead; ſheet Iron; ſeine Twine; braſs Kettles, &c. &c.

Newport, June 16, 1809.

ENGLISH IRON, GLASS WARE, & CROCKERY,

JUST Received per ſhips *William & Henry* and *Union*, direct from Liverpool, conſiſting of:

75 Tons aſſorted Engliſh IRON.
3 Tons Iron HOOP.
10 Tierces aſſorted Glaſs WARE, and
20 Crates do Crockery Ditto, ſelected particularly for this Market.
2000 wt. No. 1 to 6 Engliſh SHOT.
2300 wt. White dry LEAD.
2000 buſhels Salt.
50 dozen Porter.

The above will be diſpoſed of on accommodating terms, for approved Notes, by SIMEON & EDWARD MARTIN, at their Counting-Room, No. 51, Long-Wharf, or by GEORGE W. MARTIN, at his Genuine Grocery and Commiſſion Store, No. 2, Church-ſtreet, where every deſcription of Groceries are offered at reduced prices.

Newport, Sept. 30, 1809.

Green Tea,

OF a flavour uncommonly agreeable *(Freſh)* is now retailing by GEORGE W. MARTIN, at the very moderate price of Eight Shillings per lb.

Newport, Church-ſtreet, Sept. 15, 1809.

John F. Townſend & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform the Public of their Removal to the Store, No. 137, Thames-ſtreet, at the ſign of the Golden Eagle, lately occupied by Mr. J. Bours, where they offer for Sale, a large and well choſen Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, compriſing almoſt every article in demand, as cheap as can be purchaſed in Newport

Newport, Sept. 3, 1809.

Removal.

Albert W. Gardiner,

Informs his Friends and the Public

THAT he has removed his Store of GOODS to No. 102 Thames-ſtreet lately occupied by *Sally M. Smith & Co.* where he has conſtantly on hand and for ſale a large and valuable Aſſortment of

Engliſh, India, French, Dutch, Scotch and American manufactured Goods.

Of all deſcriptions, adapted to every ſeaſon of the Year which he will ſell as cheap for Caſh as can be purchaſed in the United States.

Alſo an elegant aſſortment of

Ladies Hats and Bonnetts,

Conſtantly on hand of the neweſt faſhions Straw ſilk and willow Bonnetts made on the ſhorteſt notice.—Orders of every kind ſtrictly attended to.

N. B. Every article for Mourning conſtantly on hand.

Newport July 21 1809.

New Goods.

P. O. Richmond,

HAS juſt received and is now opening, at his Caſh Store, No. 155, Thames-ſtreet, a very extenſive and general Aſſortment of freſh imported DRY GOODS, conſiſting of ſuperfine and common Broadcloths, Caſſimeres, Coatings, and flannels of various deſcriptions, bombazetts, rattinetts, wildbores, India cottons, cotton cambricks, fine cambrick ſhirting, India and Scotch book muſlins, and muſlin handkerchiefs, long lawns for pocket handkerchiefs, plain and figur'd leno, ladies beſt long, white and coloured kid and ſilk gloves, black and ſlate coloured worſted hoſiery, brown linens, one box fine and low priced Iriſh linens, of an approved bleach, and one bale roſe blankets, with a great variety of other articles ſuitable for the preſent and approaching ſeaſon, which, having been bought for caſh, can be afforded lower than has been ſold for ſeveral years paſt.

Newport, Oct. 6, 1809.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors to the eſtate of Capt. *John Gardiner*, late of South-Kingſtown, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, that ſix months from the date hereof are allowed them to exhibit their claims to the Subſcribers, who are appointed Commiſſioners thereon by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of South-Kingſtown; for the purpoſe of receiving them, they will attend at the dwelling-houſe of Joſeph Reynolds, in South Kingſtown, on the laſt Saturdays in Auguſt, September and November next:

JOHN HAGADORN,
WILLETT CARPENTER, } *Com'rs.*

All perſons indebted to the above eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment to BENJAMIN GARDINER, of Middletown, Adminiſtrator.

South Kingstown, June 12, 1809.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors to the eſtate of Col. *John Gardiner*, late of South-Kingſtown, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, that twelve months from the date hereof are allowed them to exhibit their claims to the Subſcribers, who are appointed Commiſſioners thereon by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of South-Kingſtown; for the purpoſe of receiving them, they will attend at the dwelling-houſe of Joſeph Reynolds, in South-Kingſtown, on the laſt Saturdays in May, Auguſt, November and Feburary next.

JOHN HAGADORN,
WILLETT CARPENTER, } *Com'rs.*

All perſons indebted to the above eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment to

BENJAMIN GARDINER, *Executor.*

Middletown, March 15, 1809.

EVENING SCHOOL.

MR. FRASER's Evening School will be opened for the inſtruction of Youth on the Evening of Wednesday the firſt of November next.

Lopez & Dexter,

Offer for ſale

36 Puncheons St. Croix Rum.
11 pipes 4th proof Spaniſh Brandy.
15 do. 1ſt proof Country Gin.
10 do. Madeira Wine.
24 Quarter-caſks Liſbon Ditto.
75 cheſts Souchong Tea.
8 do. Hyſon-ſkin ditto.
26,000 lb. Weſt-India Coffee.
15 bags Pimento.
74 bales Upland Cotton.
100 boxes Muſcatel Raiſins.
55 barrels N. Y. inſpected prime Pork.
60 Tons aſſorted Swedes Iron.
700 quintals Codfiſh.
15 boxes Window Glaſs.
150 reams Wrapping Paper.
100 do. Foolſcap Do.
3 Hogſheads Loaf Sugar.

Alſo, the following freſh imported Dry Goods.

5 Caſes India Silks.
600 pieces blue Nankeen.
200 do. yellow Ditto.
250 do. white Ditto.
3 bales Superfine Broadcloths.
2 caſes Cotton Sewings.
do. fancy Prints.
1 do. Engliſh ſewing Silks.
1 do. men's and women's Gloves.
2 do. cotton Shirtings.
1 do. fancy Muſlins.
1 do. Marſeilles Veſting.
1 do. Cambrick Muſlins.
1 do. Bombazetts.
1 bale Caſſimeres.
1 caſe Velvets.
100 pieces Ruſſia Diaper.
50 do red yellow and brown Bandanoes.

Newport July 25 1809.

FARMS FOR SALE.

The Subſcriber offers for Sale the following FARMS in the State of Connecticut:—

ONE in the north Society in Coventry, on the road leading from Hebron to Tolland, containing about 110 acres of excellent Land, about two miles from the Meeting-Houſe half a mile from a School, and 100 rods from a good griſt-mill and ſaw-mill. The Farm lies on Skungamug river, has about 25 acres of interval, the remainder upland, and conſiſts of mowing, ploughing, paſturing, wood and timber land; will cut from 35 to 40 tons of hay annually is well watered by the above river and a number of living ſprings. There are on the premiſes a very neat, convenient Dwelling-Houſe barn and other out-houſes entirely new, and nearly finiſhed; a well of water which never fails, within ten feet of the door; a thrifty young orchard juſt beginning to bear, and an old one ſomewhat decayed.

Twe Farms in the firſt ſociety in Hartland, pleaſantly ſituated about one mile ſouth of the Meeting-Houſe, and within 20 miles of Hartford: one contains about 240 acres with a large good one ſtory houſe, with two chimnies, well finiſhed, and convenient for two families: three barns, out-houſes, &c all in good repair; has about 40 acres of mowing 150 of ploughing and paſturing and 50 of wood; has good orcharding, is well watered and well fenced. The other Farm contains about 60 acres, with a ſmall one ſtory farm-houſe, barn and orchard; well proportioned into mowing, paſturing, ploughing and woodland; well watered and under good improvement. Poſſeſſion given immediately.

Three Farms pleaſantly ſituated in the north part of Granville, they adjoin each other and contain about 330 acres, and are extremely well calculated for the ſettlement and neighbourhood of a family connexion. One contains about 125 acres, with a two ſtory houſe and barn, and three flouriſhing young orchards; will cut annually from 25 to 30 tons of good hay. One of 115 acres, with a one ſtory Houſe, barn, and young orchard, will cut from 25 to 30 tons of hay; and one of about 90 acres, with a one ſtory houſe, barn, and a young orchard; will cut from 8 to 12 tons of hay. Theſe Farms are well watered, well fenced, and ſuitably proportioned into mowing, paſturing, ploughing and woodland; and will be ſold ſeparately or together, and poſſeſſion may be had immediately.

Alſo one in Blandford, of fifty acres, with a Houſe and barn; well watered, under good improvement, and well proportioned into mowing, paſturing, ploughing and woodland.

The above Farms will be ſold on reaſonable terms, and long credit given for a conſiderable part of the purchaſe on the payment of annual intereſt.

The Subſcriber alſo offers for ſale, an eligible and convenient ſtand for a Tavern and ſtore, in the town of Vernon on the Hartford and Tolland turnpike road; twelve miles from Hartford, and about the ſame diſtance from Stafford ſprings; lately occupied as a Tavern and ſtore by Mr. Lebbeus P. Tinker, and now occupied by Mr. James Chapman; conſiſting of a neat, ſpacious well finiſhed Houſe and ſtore, two barns, one entirely new and large, having ſufficient ſtabling, and every neceſſary accommodation for a tavern; about three acres of land, including a garden, with conſiderable fruit, and an Orchard that will produce from 20 to 30 barrels of cider annually. Alſo, ten acres of woodland, within one mile of the above ſtand.

Alſo, One hundred thouſand acres of Land, in New Connecticut; part of which lays in the flouriſhing towns of Hartford, Vienna, Nelſon, and Rootſtown; ſettled from thirty to ſixty families in each town. Theſe towns are well watered and well accommodated with roads, griſt mills and ſaw mills; the land is of a good quality, the water is good, and the country remarkably healthy. And part is ſituated in three entire towns, of about 15,000 acres each, and in ſeveral tracts of land from 1000 to 4000 acres, not ſurveyed into lots, and which the ſubſcriber will ſell either by the whole townſhip or tract, or by any leſs quantity, as may beſt ſuit purchaſers. *It will be noticed*, that the price of land in the unſettled towns and tracts, will be conſiderably leſs than thoſe towns which are ſettling, and will not only give to an individual or company who may purchaſe, the advantage of a firſt choice, but alſo will ſecure to them, the riſe in the value of the lands.

A good title, and the moſt liberal terms given to purchaſers. EPHRAIM ROOT.

☞ For further particulars, apply to JOSEPH ROGERS, Eſq. at Hartford, Connecticut.

Hartford, (Con.) October 8, 1809.

NOTICE.

THE perſons that on the night of the 20th inſt. broke down the fence of the Subſcriber's Garden, on the Point, are well known, and unleſs they immediately ſatisfy him for the damage he has ſuſtained in conſequence of it, they are informed that coercive meaſures will be adopted to enforce a compliance.

GEORGE CLARKE, jun.

SHIP-CHANDLERY.

THE Subſcribers, at their Store, on Handy's Wharf, offer for ſale on good terms, Bar, Rod and Hoop Iron, from 1¼ to 3 inch flat; 5-8, 6-8, 7-8 and inch ſquare; Stoves, Cambooſes and Anchors, of various ſizes; Linſeed and Lamp Oil; Paints of different colours; Tar, Pitch, Turpentine and Roſin; red, white and blue Bunting, and ready-made Colours: Sheathing Paper; Spikes and Nails aſſorted; Hooks and Thimbles; wood and braſs Compaſſes; Quadrants; Teleſcopes; Book Charts, &c. together with all the articles of Ship Chandlery neceſſary for the equipment of veſſels.—Orders from diſtant cuſtomers will meet with due attention.—*Alſo juſt received*, 2500 buſhels Bonaviſta Salt, and 6 Tons Philadelphia Bar Iron.

EARL & ALLSTON.

Newport, June 2, 1809.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has for Sale at his Store on his Wharf, next, North of the Ferry-Wharf.

TAR, Pitch, Turpentine and Roſin by the Hundred or ſingle barrel; Corn by the Hundred or ſingle buſhel; Beef and Pork; Iron aſſorted; Iron Hoop by the bundle or quantity; cut and wrought Nails by the caſk or retail, and 8d flats for ſheathing; Paper for ditto; Salt by the hundred or ſingle buſhel, 10 caſks freſh Rice; a ſmall cargo of Cedar Shingles, juſt landed from North-Carolina; Alſo juſt landing, a quantity of Philadelphia ſuperfine Flour, together with an Aſſortment of Groceries.—*Alſo*, Hyſon, Hyſon-ſkin, Souchong and Bohea Teas; 6 Tons old Sable Iron, ſuitable for cart tire; 8 tons Swede's Iron, well aſſorted: 1000 buſhels Liverpool Salt; Pine Shingles.

GILBERT CHASE.

Newport, October 20, 1809.

FOR SALE,

By the Subſcribers at their Store.

SEVENTY Hogſheads ſcrewed Fiſh in prime order for ſhipping: 1000 buſhels of Southern Corn: 120 barrels freſh Flour, Jamaica Rum: Pilot Bread: Bar Iron, Tar Turpentine: Roſin: Grindſtones: Aſh Oars, Anchors: Ruſſia Duck and Sewing Twine: with a variety of other articles in the Ship-Chandlery line.

BOWEN & ENNIS.

Newport April 28, 1809.

TWO HOUSES TO LET.

THE HOUSE No. 212, Thames-Street, being lately put in excellent repair, having five rooms on a floor, and ſituated in a pleaſant part of the Town.—*Alſo*, The Houſe, No. 202, in the ſame ſtreet, at preſent occupied by Mr. *Horatio S. Dexter*.—Perſons wiſhing to hire either of the above Houſes, may know the terms by applying to HENRY BULL, at his Store, next door North of the Coffee-Houſe.

Newport, Sept. 1, 1809.

FOR SALE,

THE building in Bridge-ſtreet, with the Lot of Land thereto belonging, hitherto occupied as a Cabinet maker's ſhop; being calculated for a Dwelling-Houſe, it has an excellent frame, and at a ſmall expence could be finiſhed.—*Alſo*, The Dwelling-Houſe and Lot of Land thereto belonging, next eaſtward, at preſent occupied by Capt. *Cornelius Bennett*; very convenient for a ſmall family.—*Alſo*, One divided fifth part of the Houſe in Coddington ſtreet, next eaſtward of Mr. *Perry Weaver's*, conſiſting of two Chambers, a room in the garret, a part of the cellar, and an equal right in the yard, with a Garden Lot ſet off. *Alſo*, A variety of Cabinet maker's Tools, and ome excellent Mahogany.—Apply to

SOLOMON TOWNSEND,
JOHN F. TOWNSEND.

Newport, July 4, 1809.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET,

A BRICK HOUSE on the Hill, next but one to the Rev. Mr. Tenney's Meeting-Houſe.—For terms apply to

WILLIAM ELLERY.

Newport, Auguſt 17, 1809.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subſcriber offers for Sale a ſmal FARM, containing about 30 Acres of excellent Land, (moſtly meadow,) ſituated in Middletown, about 4 miles from Newport, at preſent occupied by *Giles Barker*. Said Farm is well fenced and watered; and a two-ſtory Dwelling-Houſe, barn and crib, and an excellent Orchard thereon. An indiſputable title will be given.—Poſſeſſion may be had on the 25th of March next.—For further particulars, apply to

MARY STANTON.

Newport, October 13, 1809.

VALUABLE PROPERTY. *FOR SALE,*

THAT large and ſpacious DWELLING-HOUSE, the well-known ſtand occupied by the Subſcriber as a Tavern, in the town of Weſterly. There is on the premiſes two good barns, chaiſe-houſe, ſhed and other out buildings. An excellent kitchen garden, and a well of water near the door; the buildings are all in excellent repair the Houſe is exceedingly well calculated for a tavern, and is about eight rods from Pawcatuck Bridge, and is on the poſt road leading to Newport and New-London; part of the above deſcribed Houſe is occupied by the proprietors of the Waſhington Bank. The Poſt-Office is alſo kept in the ſame building.—It is unneceſſary to go further into the particulars reſpecting the conveniences of ſaid ſtand.

Alſo, A FARM, about a mile north of Pawcatuck Bridge, containing about 64 Acres, with a Dwelling-Houſe thereon ſtanding. A new barn, corn-houſe and cheeſe-houſe have lately been erected. For fertility of ſoil and pleaſantneſs of ſituation, it is exceeded by few in the town, and is fenced into convenient lots by a good and ſubſtantial ſtone wall, and is well watered by never failing ſprings.

Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the above property, the payments will be eaſy, and terms made known by applying to

PAUL RHODES.

Weſterly (Rhode-Iſland) Auguſt 5, 1809

FOR SALE,

THE Sloop NANCY burthen 22 Tons, in good repair.—*Alſo*, Wanted to buy immediately Two Sloops, burthen about 15 Tons each faſt ſailers, ſuitable for Packets to run from the South-Ferry to Newport.—Apply to the Subſcriber at the South-Ferry.

E. W. GARDNER.

South-Kingstown, July 14, 1809.